The Decatur Daily Republican.

VOL. XVI. DECATUR, ILLINOIS, TUESDAY, MARCH 6, 1888. NO. 274

GOOD NEWS

For the Community.

The never-failing sign---the Ground Hog has staid out, and will not return to his winter quarters until the cold nights of November force him; and only wide-awake men such as

J. R. RACE & CO.,

with the prospects of an early spring, have made the most elegant preparations, and have received the most Elegant line of SPRING OVERCOATS, Stylish HATS and Elegant PIECE GOODS.

☞ It will pay you to inspect their line of NOVELTIES.

ARTISTIC TAILOR.

The long-felt want of an ARTIST TAILOR has at last been found. We have engaged MR. T. C. LUNDIN, of New York, as Cutter in our MERCHANT TAILORING DEPARTMENT and we invite all, regardless of shape and size, to call and see him and we will demonstrate to you all we claim for him; and with such an elegant and varied display of material adapted for the Spring Trade we are confident we can suit you in style, fit and price, and hope to secure many new and retain all our old friends and customers.

Yours, Truly,

J. R. RACE & CO.

Wm. Young. Karl Young.

CENTRAL PARK MEAT MARKET.

YOUNG + BROS.,

North Side Central Park.

Keep at all times THE BEST OF MEATS, both fresh and cured. Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Lamb, Ham, Sausage and EVERY SEASONABLE NOVELTY.

Come and try us, and we will guarantee satisfaction.

Railroad Time Tables

In effect January 4, 1888

WABASH, ST. LOUIS & PACIFIC RAILWAY.

[NOTE—Figures denote time of arrival. Figures denote time of departure.]

FROM ST LOUIS		TO ST LOUIS	
No 1 Pass	9 40 p m	No 2 Pass	4 30 a m
No 3 Pass	11 00 a m	No 4 Pass	1 45 a m
No 44 Pass	11 10 a m	No 43 Pass	3 05 a m
No 42 Pass	11 00 p m	No 45 Pass	3 40 p m
No 2 Pass	11 50 p m	No 5 Pass	3 00 p m
No 70 Freight	5 45 p m	No 71 Freight	6 45 a m
FROM QUINCY		**TO QUINCY**	
No 12 Pass	10 15 p m	No 43 Pass	4 30 a m
No 44 Pass	10 50 a m	No 45 Pass	3 15 p m
No 48 Acc	6 50 p m	No 47 Acc	7 5 a m
No 70 Freight	10 15 a m	No 71 Freight	12 30 p m
FROM		**TO**	
TOLEDO & DETROIT		TOLEDO & DETROIT	
No 43 Pass	9 50 a m	No 44 Pass	7 00 a m
No 45 Pass	3 50 p m	No 41 Pass	11 15 a m
No 41 Pass	10 25 p m	No 42 Pass	11 10 p m
No 71 Freight	5 [illegible] p m	No 70 Freight	10 a m
FROM CHICAGO		**TO CHICAGO**	
No 3 Pass	1 35 a m	No 2 Pass	12 15 a m
No 5 Pass	3 50 p m	No 4 Pass	11 25 a m

ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

NORTH		SOUTH	
No 2 Pass	7 30 a m	No 1 Pass	6 02 p m
No 4 Pass	12 41 a m	No 3 Pass	10 17 a m
No 12 Pass	2 40 p m	No 11 Freight	3 00 a m
No 10 Freight	4 10 p m	No 7 "	11 25 a m
		(Sunday only)	
No 4, Champaign Line, leaves, 3 10 p m		No 1, Champaign Line, arrives 10 00 a m	

INDIANAPOLIS, DECATUR & SPRINGFIELD.

ARRIVE		DEPART	
No 1 Pass	3 00 p m	No 2 Pass	10 05 a m
No 3 Pass	4 00 a m	No 4 Pass	10 50 p m
No 11 Freight	9 00 a m	No 12 Freight	9 00 a m
No 13 "	7 10 p m	No 14 "	6 30 p m

PEORIA, DECATUR & EVANSVILLE.

NORTH		SOUTH	
No 1 Pass	3 05 p m	No 2 Pass	11 05 a m
No 3 Pass	3 40 a m	No. 4 Pass	10 10 p m
No 19 Freight	8 35 a m	No 20 Freight	3 00 p m

TERRE HAUTE & PEORIA.

WEST		EAST	
No 1 Pass	12 20 p m	No 2 Pass	11 15 a m
No 3 Pass	7 20 p m	No 4 Pass	7 10 a m
No 5 Freight	1 30 a m	No 8 Freight	5 00 a m
No 9 Freight	10 15 a m	No 10 Freight	12 15 a m

Administrators Sale of Real Estate to Pay Debts.

Estate of George B Whitacre, deceased

By virtue of a decretal order of the county Court of Macon County, Illinois, entered of record on the seventh day of February, A D, 1888, I will sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder, on the twenty-second (22d) day of March A D 1888, at the hour of 10 o'clock a m, at the entrance to the stairway on South Water street in Decatur, Illinois, commonly known as the main entrance or west door of the Court House of Macon County, Illinois, the following described real estate of said deceased to wit: Lots number three (3) and four (4) in Russell B Rogers second addition to the town of Argenta in the County of Macon and State of Illinois, in order to pay the debts of said estate and costs of administration. Said sale will be for cash in hand, and the purchaser will be given immediate possession of the premises. ROBERT M MACHAN, Administrator with the will annexed of the above estate.

JOHNS & RANDOLPH, Attorneys for Petitioner. Feb20-daw

RUBBER STAMPS,

Dators Self Inkers, Seals, Autographs, Rubber Type, Pads, Ink, etc, made by The Bloomington Rubber Stamp Co BLOOMINGTON ILL

☞ WORKS Cor Center and Washington sts Stamps sent hearfully be sent by return mail Catalogues free. Feb 11 dtf

LADIES!

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home, with

PEERLESS DYES

They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c a package—40 colors. They have no equal for strength, Brightness Amount in Packages of for Fastness of Color, or non fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by W G ARMSTRONG Decatur, Ill m7ts,d dtyr

H. PASCO.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY AND NOTARY PUBLIC

Office, 154 East Main Street, Decatur, Ill Open from 7 30 a m to 8 30 p m. Also, office in rear of residence, 430 W Woodst

Attends to all matters in Law or Chancery. Makes collections in all parts of the United States. Writes deeds, mortgages, wills and contracts. Takes acknowledgments and depositions. Pension, bounty and other war claims prosecuted. Buys, sells and rents real estate and collects rents.

New Book Bindery

—AND—

BlankBookManufactory,

127 S. Water St., Decatur.

Magazines and all kinds of books bound and repaired.

Telescope Boxes made to order.

Names stamped in gold on books, pocket-books, toilet cases, etc.

Numbering tickets, checks, etc

HERMAN SPIES, Proprietor.

Oct 30 dbm

John A. Brown.

ATTORNEY AT LAW

and Master in Chancery for Macon county, Ill Office over Linn & Scruggs' dry goods store entrance from court house stairway

DR. A. S. WAITZ,

—DENTIST.—

Office over Barber & Baker's shoe store, 128 East Main street, Decatur, Ill

GOLD fields are scared, you know who write to Silcox & Co., Portland, Maine, will receive free, full information about work which they can do, and live at home, that will pay them from $5 to $20 per day. Some have earned over $20 in a day. Either sex, young or old. Capital not required. You are started free. Those who act at once are absolutely sure of some little fortune. All is new. Feb1-d&w1&1

WIZARD OIL

CURES Headache, Toothache, Earache, NEURALGIA, SORE THROAT, Catarrh, Croup, Fresh Bites, Sore Nipples, Caked Breasts, Lame Back,

RHEUMATISM

Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, Old Sores, &c.

Sold by Druggists. 50c. and $1.00.

HAMLIN'S BLOOD AND LIVER PILLS. Best in the World. Try Them. 25c.

SONG BOOK MAILED FREE. Address WIZARD OIL CO., CHICAGO.

FOR PAIN

SAVED HIS LEG!

SCROFULA

OF THE

BONE CURED!

LITHONIA, Ga, August 11, 1887.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO, Atlanta, Ga.

Gentlemen—I have been afflicted with ulceration of the legs ever since I was a child, the disease undoubtedly being hereditary, as my mother suffered from scrofulous symptoms. As I advanced to manhood my affliction increased until the malady became harrassing and painful beyond the power of words to describe. My right leg particularly became fearfully involved, the left leg being less painfully affected. Finally, about fourteen years ago, the ulcers on my right leg had eaten through the flesh into the bone. In order to save my life the doctors determined to amputate my leg below the knee. The operation was successfully performed by Dr. H V M Miller, of Atlanta, and Dr W P Bond, of Lithonia. But the loss of my leg gave me only temporary relief. The poison was still in my system and soon began to show itself again. In a short time after large ulcers appeared on my left leg, covering it from the knee to the instep. Frequently while at work I could be tracked by the blood which oozed from the huge ulcers and the sores and rotting holes were so offensive that my fellow workmen could not stand the stench and would move away from me.

Last winter I was persuaded to try S S S. As a last effort I consented to do so, and about seven months ago I began taking the Specific. I soon began to feel the good effects of the medicine. The ulcers running began to grow less and less and finally ceased the ulcers healed, my flesh became firm and solid and to day after using twenty one bottles, I am as hale and stout a man of my age as there is in Georgia. I am seventy-one years old, but feel now younger and stronger than I did when I was twenty five. I weigh about 180 pounds. Nothing is to be seen of the terrible disease, or to remind me of the torture I suffered for so many years, except the scars of the perfectly healed ulcers.

I want the world to know of the almost miraculous cure effected on me by S. S. S., and I call upon those who wish to know the particulars directly from me to write, and I will consider it a pleasure as well as a duty to answer their letters. I refer to Dr W. P. Bond, of Lithonia, as to the truth of my statement. Very gratefully yours,

R. DRAKE.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3 Atlanta, Ga.

GEORGE M. WOOD

SELLS

Fire-Proof Safes, Iron and Wood Pumps,

Garden Seeds, Grapevines, &c.

135 SOUTH WATER STREET.

March 1-d&w3m

D L Bunn. Edwin Park

BUNN & PARK,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Office, No 14 East Main street, up-stairs, Decatur, Illinois

Sale of Real Estate and Loans negotiated and Real Estate bought and sold.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets (SIZE OF PELLETS) **The Original LITTLE LIVER PILLS.**

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. ALWAYS ASK FOR DR PIERCE'S PELLETS, OR LITTLE SUGAR-COATED PILLS.

Being entirely vegetable, they operate without disturbance to the system, diet, or occupation. Put up in glass vials, hermetically sealed. Always fresh and reliable. As a laxative, alterative, or purgative, these little Pellets give the most perfect satisfaction.

SICK HEADACHE,

Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the stomach and bowels, are promptly relieved and permanently cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. In explanation of the remedial power of these Pellets over so great a variety of diseases, it may truthfully be said that their action upon the system is universal, not a gland or tissue escaping their sanative influence. Sold by druggists, 25 cents a vial. Manufactured at the Chemical Laboratory of WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

$500 REWARD

is offered by the manufacturers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, for a case of Chronic Nasal Catarrh which they cannot cure.

SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH.—Dull, heavy headache, obstruction of the nasal passages, discharges falling from the head into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, purulent, bloody and putrid; the eyes are weak, watery, and inflamed; there is ringing in the ears, deafness, hacking or coughing to clear the throat, expectoration of offensive matter, together with scabs from ulcers; the voice is changed and has a nasal twang; the breath is offensive, smell and taste are impaired; there is a sensation of dizziness, with mental depression, a hacking cough and general debility. Only a few of the above-named symptoms are likely to be present in any one case. Thousands of cases annually, without manifestation half of the above symptoms, result in consumption, and end in the grave. No disease is so common, more deceptive and dangerous or less understood by physicians.

By its mild, soothing, and healing properties, Dr Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures the worst cases of Catarrh, "cold in the head," Coryza, and Catarrhal Headache.

Sold by druggists everywhere, 50 cents.

"Untold Agony from Catarrh."

Prof W. HAUSNER, the famous mesmerist, of Ithaca, N. Y., writes: "Some ten years ago I suffered untold agony from chronic nasal catarrh. My family physician gave me up as incurable, and said I must die. My case was such a bad one, that every day, towards sunset, my voice would become so hoarse I could barely speak above a whisper. In the morning my coughing and clearing of my throat would almost strangle me. By the use of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, in three months I was a well man and the cure has been permanent."

"Constantly Hawking and Spitting."

THOMAS J RUSHING, Esq, 2502 Pine Street, St. Louis, Mo, writes: "I was a great sufferer from catarrh for three years. At times I could hardly breathe, and was constantly hawking and spitting, and for the last eight months could not breathe through the nostrils. I thought nothing could be done for me. Luckily, I was advised to try Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, and I am now a well man. I believe it to be the only sure remedy for catarrh now manufactured, and one has only to give it a fair trial to experience astounding results and a permanent cure."

Three Bottles Cure Catarrh.

ELI ROBBINS, Runyan P. O., Columbia Co., Pa., says: "My daughter had catarrh when she was five years old, very badly. I saw Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy advertised, and procured a bottle for her, and soon saw that it helped her; a third bottle effected a permanent cure. She is now eighteen, years old, and sound and hearty."

OF GENERAL INTEREST.

—It is a curious fact that one out of every nine persons you meet on Broadway is a Hebrew. They number in New York City about 120,000, and with their wealth and intelligence, if ever organized politically as a party, would exert a strong, if not controlling influence, on local politics.

—The young folks of West Deer Isle, Me., have organized the Tongue Guard Society, whose object is to guard against saying any thing improper to or about any one. Each offense is punished by a fine of one cent, to be placed in a box in the church, the fund to go towards buying a circulating library.

—In the United States arsenal at Watertown, Mass., there is a machine for testing the strength of iron and steel substances, which is looked upon as a wonder of mechanical skill and power. It can test to a nicety, and with equal ease, the tensile strength of a ponderous iron or steel bar, or of a wire, or even of a single hair.

—It is said that there are two sisters living near Delta, whose ages are between fifty and sixty years, who have not seen each other in sixteen years. They live only four miles apart, and are on perfectly friendly terms. No cause whatever is assigned for this seeming indifference.—*Dalton (Ga.) Citizen.*

—In the district court at Waco Tex., Andrew Miller, a negro preacher, charged with the theft of a cow, when brought for trial, wished to open the court with prayer. The judge requested the sheriff to take the prisoner to the judge's private office and let him pray. After prayer the prisoner was convicted of theft, as charged in the indictment, and given two years in the penitentiary.

—The average watch is composed of 175 different pieces, comprising upwards of 2,400 separate and distinct operations in its manufacture. The balance has 18,000 beats or vibrations per hour, 12,960,080 in thirty days, 157,680,000 in one year; it travels one inch 43-100 inches with each vibration, which is equal to 9¾ miles in twenty-four hours, 292½ miles in thirty days, or 3,558½ miles in one year.

—The latest "fad" among wealthy families is to burn "driftwood" in open grate fires. This wood is gathered along the seacoast by Eastern parties, packed in barrels and shipped through the country. It is mostly wreckage. A great part of it has once been the material of ships' bottoms, and was sheathed with copper plates. The copper salts have impregnated the wood, and when burned it gives out most beautiful green and peacock blue flames.

—In parts of India wild elephants give a great deal of trouble to persons employed in road improving, frightening the native workmen and destroying their work and knocking down their houses. A herd will come along the newly made road, and reaching a temporary bridge will send their lightest member across to test it. Being made to support bipeds only, it will generally give way, whereupon the herd will express its disapproval of such workmanship by promptly demolishing it.

—During a volent thunder and lightning storm at Middleton, Fla., lately, an immense ball of fire was seen to fall in the forest near the town. Searching parties were sent out, and parties of negroes found it, but they were too superstitious to handle it. It struck a big pine, demolishing it and splitting the rock into two pieces. One weighed about two hundred pounds and the other twenty-five. It sank into the ground nearly eight feet. It appears to be of iron ore covered with opaque white cystals.

—The total population of Iceland appears to be threatened. A scheme has been set afloat in Manitoba to transport seventy-five thousand Icelanders still remaining in their native country, together with their flocks and herds. This would be an exodus as complete as was that of the children of Israel from Egypt. There has been a steady flow of Icelandic emigration to Canada for the last fifteen years, yet the population is said to be still too large for the resources of the island. Several flourishing towns peopled by Icelanders are already found in Manitoba.

—Turk's Island, one of the West Indies, is only 7 miles long and 1½ miles wide. It contains 2,500 inhabitants, three-fourths negroes. The only product and export of the little island is salt and sponges. Of these it sends out annually 2,000,000 bushels and 2,600 bales of sponges. Two-thirds of the salt goes to the United States and the rest to the Canadian provinces as fishery salt. The best part of the salt is piled up outdoors in stacks 15 to 20 feet high. It is pure, dazzling white and trying to the eyes; in fact, so much so that those who work at the salt usually wear goggles.

—At 10 30 o'clock on a recent evening the people of Middletown, Pa., who had not retired at that hour were startled by their natural gas lights and fires suddenly springing up a distance of a foot or so. Then the lights leaped to the ceiling and the stoves roared like furnaces. The people rushed through the streets warning their neighbors, and but for the prompt action taken the town would have been sacrificed. The surplus gas was caused by the ball of safety valve of the gasometer being either taken off, or falling off, thereby throwing the entire pressure of the well, ninety pounds, on the service lines. The pressure was thrown on in every house, and almost every one has left the gas burning.

Is Consumption Incurable?

Read the following: Mr. C. H. Morris, Newark, Ark., says: "Was down with Abscess of Lungs, and friends and physicians pronounced me an Incurable Consumptive. Began taking Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, am now on my third bottle, and able to oversee the work on my farm. It is the finest medicine ever made."

Jesse Middlewart, Decatur, Ohio, says "Had it not been for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption I would have died of Lung Troubles. Was given up by doctors. Am now in best of health. Try it. Sample bottle free at John A. Swearingen's Drug Store. 95

BEAT Cheap Charley's adv't dawtf

Glance at The Facts.

As we represent them for your careful consideration. Every purchaser in the exercise of his right to buy the best goods for the least money, has realized the fact that B. Stine takes Front Rank in producing garments expressly noted for their quality and best workmanship. As the foremost clothing firm in Decatur, with an eye single to the wants of the people, and standing upon the broad platform of progress and liberality, pointing to a phenomenal success, founded upon large experience, immense facilities and lowest prices.

Just received, in charming shades, a new line of

SPRING OVERCOATS,

manufactured expressly to our order, tailor made, elegantly trimmed, and perfection in fit and finish.

Our prices are warranted.

B. STINE,

The Boss Clothier.

BLACK SILKS

—AND—

BLACK DRESS GOODS,

—AT—

BRADLEY BROS.'

NEW YORK STORE.

36-inch Black Tricots at 35 cents a yard.

36-inch black all-wool French Serges at 45c

36-inch all-wool black Camlet Cloth at 50c.

40-inch fine black Camlet Cloth at 58c per yard.

38-inch black all wool Paris Cord Suiting at 65c

Black Sebastopol, 38 inches wide, at 75c.

40-inch all wool black Henriettas at 75c.

48-inch black Henriettas, very fine, at 90c.

Black Ottomans, black Ragetines, black Bengalines, black Kiva Cords, black Velours and black English Corkscrews, from 40 to 48 inches wide, all put in at 90c a yard.

Black Surah Silks, 20 inches wide, at 69c.

Black Gros Grain Silks, 19 inches wide, at 75c.

Heavy Black Gros Grain Silks, 19 inches wide, at 90c.

Black Rhadzemire Silks, 20 inches wide, at 90c.

Black Satin Duchess Silks, 20 inches wide, at 98c.

Heavy Black American Gros Grain Silk, 20 inches wide, at $1.00 a yard.

25-inch fine black Surah Silk at $1.00 a yard.

Extra heavy black Gros Grain American Silk at $1.10 a yard.

Black Faile Francais Silk at $1.25 a yard.

Fine black satin finish American Gros Grain Silk at $1.19 a yard.

Black Rhadzemire, Black Armure and Satin Royal Silks, at $1.40 and $1.50 a yard.

Special Offerings this Week of the Genuine Jouvin Kid Gloves in Spring Shades.

BRADLEY BROS

HEARKEN UNTO MY WORDS

And Be Impressed by My

COMMANDMENTS.

I.

Thou shalt have no other place to buy Clothing, Hats, Caps and Furnishing Goods, except CHEAP CHARLEY'S.

II.

Thou shalt not choose unto thyself any other Merchant, thou shalt not bow down to them nor listen to their speeches, for Cheap Charley's Clothing House is a reliable place to trade, capable to serve his customers to the third and fourth generations.

III.

Thou need not seek in vain for stylish Clothing, Furnishing Goods, etc., at the Very Lowest Prices, for they can be found in large quantities at Cheap Charley's.

IV.

Thou shall bear in mind that if any day in the week you will buy a suit of clothes at Cheap Charley's you can rest easy on the seventh.

V.

Thou shalt honor Cheap Charley's One Price Clothing House. May you for many years be dressed in suits thereof.

VI.

Thou shalt not commit an outrage on propriety by purchasing thy Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Trunks, etc., elsewhere, but go direct to Cheap Charley's, where thou will get what thou wantest at Low Prices.

VII.

Thou shalt not seek adulterously strange styles, but go direct to Cheap Charleys, Corner of Old Square.

VIII.

Thou shalt not steal an Overcoat, for Cheap Charley sells them so cheap it would be a sin.

IX.

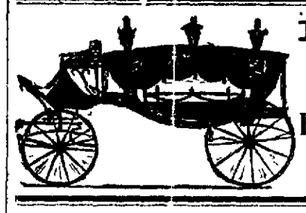
Thou shalt not bear false witness, but openly acknowledge that thou cannot be better suited at Cheap Charley's for less money than any other Clothing House in the city.

X.

Thou shalt not covet thy neighbor's goods, nor his bargains, but take counsel of this and proceed straightway to Cheap Charley's, Corner of Old Square.

CHEAP CHARLEY'S

Corner of the Old Square.



P. PERL

EMBALMER

—AND—

Funeral Director

140 to 146 South Main Street.

☞ Telephone 88.

ISITUNTILSUITED

+ + Art Studio. + +

BABY PHOTOS A SPECIALTY.

Cloudy Weather Preferred for Making Negatives. PROOFS SHOWN and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

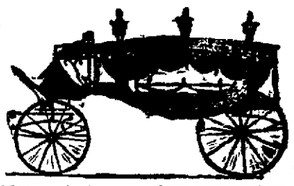
CORNER SOUTH PARK AND WATER STS.

J. B. BULLARD,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR,

Has removed from the Old Square to his new quarters, in MASONIC TEMPLE BLOCK, 250 N Water Street, where everything pertaining to the funeral business is furnished and attended to in the highest style of the art. Calls night or day, will receive prompt attention. In connection, a receiving vault.

Residence—272 West Main Street. Residence Telephone, 128, Office, 125



ST LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY

"FRISCO LINE,"

is the proper and most direct route from St. Louis to principal points in Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Texas, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, New Mexico, Arizona, Mexico and California. Round trip tickets to points in California, Texas and Mexico, Eureka Springs, Arkansas, Las Vegas Hot Springs, New Mexico; Salt Lake City, Utah, and one way tickets to all points in the West and Southwest are on sale at lowest rates via "FRISCO LINE" at regular coupon railroad ticket offices throughout Illinois and Indiana. Reclining chair cars and elegant dining cars and through Pullman Palace Sleepers from St. Louis to Eureka Springs, Arkansas, and to Dallas and Galveston, Texas, via Paris, and to Los Angeles and San Francisco, California, via Halstead, Kansas, are afforded by this popular route. Ask your ticket agent to sell you tickets via "FRISCO LINE." For copies of Frisco Line Folders, giving time tables and large map of route, Illustrated Pamphlets of Eureka Springs, Lands and Homes, Missouri Lands, Free Government Lands; Hand Book of live new towns and good lands on Frisco Line in southern Kansas, "Oklahoma and Traveler of the West," together with full particulars regarding price of tickets and freight rates via FRISCO LINE to all points West and Southwest, call on your nearest Railroad ticket and freight agent, or call upon or address Geo Lower, Traveling Land Agent, (Rooms 1 and 2) No. 252 North Water St, Decatur, Illinois. janr-dawtf

Children's Cloaks,

A large assortment, in handsome styles and cheap at LINN & SCRUGGS. law

THE Malleable Iron Hollow Ware made by the Home Comfort Range Co., is quite a curiosity. It is like the Ranges—indestructible. Stop at Morehouse, Wells & Co.'s and see this rare. It cannot be rokes. daw

Citizens Street Railway Company, of Decatur, Illinois.

Public notice is hereby given to all persons whom it may concern, that the Citizens Street Railway Company, of Decatur, Illinois, on Tuesday, the 13th day of March, A D., 1888, at the regular place of meeting of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Macon, in the State of Illinois, in the court house, in the City of Decatur, in said County and State, will present its petition to the said Board of Supervisors, for leave and permission to lay, construct, maintain and operate a certain line of Street or Horse Railway, within the Township of Decatur, in said county, beginning at the intersection of North Water street and Herkimer street, at which point is the northern boundary line of the City of Decatur, on the west side of the center line of said North Water street; thence running north on a public road, which east of the central line thereof, is North Water street itself, and west of said central line is the extension of North Water street, a distance of six hundred and sixty-three and three-tenths (663.3) feet. The intersection of North Water and Herkimer streets, from which said distance is measured, is described sectionally as the southeast corner of the northeast quarter (¼) of section ten, (10) township sixteen, (16) north range two, (2) east of the third P. M. The northern terminus due said point at the intersection of North Water and Center streets, to which latter street the city limits extend, east of the central line of North Water street. The said permission to be asked of the Board of Supervisors is to be for a term of twenty (20) years from the time of its being given, and upon such terms and conditions as the said Board of Supervisors may lawfully impose.

Dated March 1st, A D, 1888.

THE CITIZENS STREET RAILWAY COMPANY OF DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

DAVID S SHELLABARGER, President.

By JOHNS & RANDOLPH, Attorneys for the Company. March1-d1m1

B. L. STERRETT

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office over the Postoffice, Decatur, Illinois.

THE Hercules white shirts are the best and only one dollar. LINN & SCRUGGS. d&w

DAILY REPUBLICAN.

B. K. HAMSHER. | J. R. MOSSER.

HAMSHER & MOSSER, Prop'trs.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Entered at the Post Office at Decatur, Illinois, as second class mail matter.

TUESDAY EVE., MARCH 6, 1888.

JUDICIAL CONVENTION.

We, the undersigned, chairmen of Republican county central committees in the several counties comprising the 3rd supreme court judicial district, having met in Decatur, February 21st, hereby unanimously join in a call for a judicial convention in and for said district to be held in the city of Decatur, on

Thursday, the 12th day of April, 1888,

at one o'clock p. m., of said day to nominate a Republican candidate for supreme judge to be voted for at the judicial election to be held on Monday, June 4th, A. D., 1888. The convention will transact such other business as may come before it, including the appointment of a judicial committee for the district to make its Republican organization permanent.

The representation in such convention from the several counties in the judicial district shall be the same as that fixed by the republican state central committee for the state convention.

GEO. W. BLACK, Sangamon county.
M. F. KANAN, Macon county.
JOSEPH HODNER, Logan county.
W. F. CALHOUN, DeWitt county.
W. Y. BOYER, Piatt county.
F. M. FRIEND, Douglas county.
P. RICHARDS, Champaign county.
W. R. JEWELL, Vermilion county.
A. T. BARNES, McLean county.
H. H. MCDOWELL, Livingston county.
F. L. COOK, Ford county.
R. W. HILSCHER, Iroquois county.
C. B. WILSON, Coles county.
J. W. HOWELL, Edgar county.
L. LAMBRECHT, Moultrie county.
R. S. CONKLIN, Tazewell county.

THE cities of Portland, Ellsworth and Lewiston, in Maine, were carried by the Republicans yesterday.

THE Republican State Central Committee, in session in Chicago to-day, will probably fix upon May 2d as the date of the state convention. There will be 850 delegates in the convention.

THE Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad claims now to have 800 engineers and firemen at work in place of the strikers, and is running all its passenger trains. It expects to be able to resume its through freight traffic to-day.

THE New York legislature has taken a decided stand against socialism, and proposes to enact a law making every person participating in assemblies tending toward breaches of the peace, punishable, upon a second like offense, by imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years, was passed by a vote of 66 to 47.

A MICHIGAN man invented a new religion and became so absorbed in getting it on the market and supplying the demands of his neighbors who wanted some of it that he neglected to provide his wife with bread, bustles and other necessaries of life, for which the officers swooped down upon him and took him to the "cooler."

SPRINGFIELD *Journal:* A great silence has fallen upon the country in reference to the pardon of Joe Mackin, within the past few weeks. Just as Indiana and Ohio are sending their "fire-workers" to the penitentiary, is evidently thought not to be the most *opportune* moment for asking the release of the representative of the "fine-workers" of Illinois.

THE Illinois Democrats, says the Chicago *Journal*, will find it difficult to make a choice between the several gentlemen who are aspiring to the nomination for Governor. State Senator Andrew Jackson Bell of Peoria, ex-Congressman A. E. Stevenson of Bloomington (now Assistant Postmaster General at Washington), ex-Gov. John M. Palmer of Springfield, State Senator Henry Soitor of St. Clair County, ex-General Land Commissioner W. A. J. Sparks of "Egypt," Mr. John H. Oberly, a member of President Cleveland's Civil Service Commission, and the Hon. Melville W. Fuller and Judge Julius S. Grinnell, both of Chicago, are those most frequently mentioned in that *connection*. It makes but little difference to Republicans which of them shall win the jumpty prize; he would stand no more chance of being elected Governor of Illinois than of being made King of Bulgaria.

THE largest income of any single man in England is said to be the Duke of Westminster, who has miles of tenement houses, and many square miles of agricultural land. He is said to receive $50 a minute the year round, or $3,000 an hour, or $72,000 a day. Queen Victoria has also a nice income, and it is estimated that she has received nearly one hundred millions of dollars since she ascended the throne. The Dukes of Devonshire and Norfolk and the Marquis of Bute have each rents amounting to two millions of dollars per year, and the Duke of Portland, after *extravagances* like those of Monte Christo, accumulated ten millions of dollars of unentailed property during his life. Mr. Crassy, a railroad contractor, acknowledged to have thirty millions of dollars personally, and Mr. Morrison, a dry goods man, twenty millions of dollars. Lord Dudley, one of the large owners of England's coal mines, had for years an *income of over five millions of dollars* from this source alone, and the duke of Buccleuch gets $1,130,000 a year from his lands.

MR. JULIAN HAWTHORNE may be a philosopher and a partriot, but when he declares—as he does in the *Century* magazine—that "America, unlike all other countries of the world, is an idea rather than a place," he becomes vaguely poetic rather than realistically practical. If America is merely an "idea," it must be as Shakspeare expresses it, "the baseless fabric of a vision." Mr. Hawthorne's conception of the nature and consistency of his country is as ethereal and ambiguous as that of the aveage free trader is of practical economic science as applied to American conditions and interests.

Great Hosiery Sale.

We will put on sale to-morrow morning, March 1st, 100 Dozen Misses' and and Children's Hose, embracing an elegant assortment of fancy colors—stripes, pink, blue, brown, and other solid colors, at *Just Half Cost Prices.* These goods are full regular made seamless goods—best that can be be made; worth originally $3 to $4.50 per dozen. We offer them at 15c, 20c and 25c respectively, in sizes from 4½ to 8. Don't miss the opportunity. CHEAP STORE.

Big 18. 29-d6w1

New Goods Just Arrived.

A large invoice of Spring and Summer Millinery Goods, direct from New York, comprising all the latest shapes in Hats and Bonnets, Ribbons and Silks, in the new Ombre effects; Pompons, Ornaments and Embroidered Gimps, in all the new colors, and a large assortment of French Hat and Bonnet Frames. We invite the ladies to call at

MRS. K. EINSTEIN'S,
23-d2w 110 North Water st.

BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Correspondence Leading to the Appointment of the Fisheries Commission.

The Spooner Telegraph Bill--The Graydon Dynamite Projectile Experiments--Mexican Free Zone.

The Abuse of the Franking Privilege--The Tariff and Internal Revenue Bills--Congressional.

Important Correspondence on the Fisheries Question.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The Senate at six o'clock last evening released all the papers submitted yesterday by the President in relation to the fishery interests between Canada and the United States. The letter of Secretary Bayard transmitting the documents to the President is dated the 5th, and states that the accompanying papers embrace all the correspondence that has taken place between the State Department and the British Government since November, 1886, to the present time; also the protocols of the conferees preceding the conclusion of the treaty. It is highly important, the Secretary says, that the entire history of the case should be brought to the knowledge of the people of the United States as soon as possible; that its inspection will serve to demonstrate the practical and important results accomplished by the treaty, by which the interpretation and administration of the treaty of 1818 is transferred and elevated from the obscurity into which it had been suffered to lapse since the date of that convention, and its restoration from the practical control of minor and local officials of the Canadian maritime provinces.

After referring to the vexatious course pursued by Canada toward American fishermen throughout all the years, the Secretary concludes:

It is believed that a remedy is practically and fully supplied by the treaty now pending, and that by its terms now, and for the first time since 1818, a just and joint interpretation is agreed to by both governments and placed upon the treaty of 1818, which will secure just and hospitable treatment to the United States fishermen and secure to them unmolested the full measure of their rights; and that, under the proposed arrangement, every American fisherman pursuing his vocation in the waters adjacent to British North America can acquire a clear understanding of his rights and duties whilst within the jurisdictional waters of Canada or Newfoundland, and that he may resort to such ports and harbors as casual necessity or convenience may suggest without fear of encountering such harsh and unfriendly treatment as he was heretofore subjected to under uncertain, unwarranted and variant interpretations of his treaty rights.

On May 8, 1887, Secretary Bayard addressed a strong letter to Sir Charles Tupper. It begins—

[Personal and unofficial.]

MY DEAR SIR CHARLES: In the very short interview afforded by your visit I referred to the embarrassment arising out of the gradual practical emancipation of Canada from the control of the mother country, and the consequent assumption by that community of attributes of autonomous and separate sovereignty, not, however, distinct from the Empire of Great Britain.

Continuing, the Secretary writes:

It is evident that the commercial intercourse between the inhabitants of Canada and those of the United States has grown into too vast proportions to be exposed much longer to this wordy triangular duel, and more direct and responsible methods should be resorted to. I am confident we both seek to attain a just and permanent settlement—and there is but one way to procure it—and that is by a straightforward treatment, on a liberal and statesmanlike plan, of the entire commercial relations of the two countries. I say "commercial," because I do not propose to include, however indirectly, or by an intendment however partial, the political relations of Canada and the United States, nor to affect the legislative independence of either country. Your visit and invitation to negotiate here was entirely welcome, and of this I endeavored to impress you. Conversation with the President has confirmed these views, and *how it remains to give them practical effect.*

Great Britain being the only treaty-making party to deal with the United States, the envoys of that government alone are authorized to speak in her behalf and create her obligations. It appears to me that as matters now stand, the colony of Newfoundland ought to be represented and included, for a single arrangement should suffice to regulate all the joint and several interests involved.

The gravity of the present condition of affairs between our two countries demands entire frankness. I feel we stand at "the parting of the ways." In one direction I can see a well-assured, steady, healthful relationship, devoid of petty jealousies and filled with the fruits of a *prosperity arising out of a friendship cemented by* mutual interests, and enduring because based upon justice; on the other, a career of embittered rivalries staining our long frontier with the hues of hostility, in which victory means the destruction of an adjacent prosperity without gain to the prevalent part—a mutual physical and moral deterioration which ought to be abhorrent to patriots on both sides. As an intelligent observer of the current of popular sentiment in the United States, you cannot have failed to note that the disputed interpretation of the treaty of 1818, and the action of the Canadian officials toward American fishing vessels during the past season, has awakened a great deal of feeling. It behooves those who are charged with the safe conduct of the honor and interest of the respective countries by every means in their power, sedulously to remove all causes of differences.

The roundabout manner in which correspondence on the fisheries has been (necessarily, perhaps,) conducted, has brought us into the new fishing season, and the period of possible friction is at hand, and this admonishes us that prompt action is needed. I am prepared, therefore, to meet the authorized agents of Great Britain at this capital, at the earliest possible day, and enter upon negotiations for a *settlement of differences.*

The magnitude of the interests involved, and the far-reaching and disastrous consequences of any irritating and unfriendly action, will, I trust, present themselves to those in whose jurisdiction the fisheries lie, and cause a wise abstention from vexatious inforcement of disputed powers.

On June 10 Mr. Bayard received a reply from Sir Charles Tupper, which opens—

[Personal and unofficial.]

MY DEAR MR. BAYARD: I had great pleasure in receiving your letter of May 31, showing as it does, the importance which you attach to an amicable adjustment of the fisheries question and the maintenance of the cordial commercial relations between the United States and Canada under which such vast and beneficial results have grown up. I entirely concur in your statement that "we both seek to attain a just and permanent settlement, and that there is but one way to procure it—and that is by a straightforward treatment on a broad and statesmanlike plan of the entire commercial relations of the two countries."

In conclusion, Sir Charles says:

I have thought it my duty, and also the most effectual manner of giving effect to your suggestion, to make known to Lord Lansdowne the purport of my correspondence with you. He is strongly desirous of facilitating a settlement and will at once bring the matter before the Secretary of State, with an expression of his hope that no time will be lost in taking steps for establishing, by means of personal communications with your Government a modus vivendi, such as you have prescribed, and also for arriving at an understanding in regard to a lasting adjustment of our commercial relations.

A letter from Mr. Bayard to Mr. Phelps refers briefly to previous correspondence (already published) and continues:

Yesterday Sir Lionel West handed me, and without comment, the following copy of a telegram to him from Lord Salisbury:

"If Secretary of State will formally propose the appointment of commission as suggested by him in his correspondence with Sir Charles Tupper, H. M. Government will agree with great pleasure.

[Signed] SALISBURY",

and I have just telegraphed to the following effect:

PHELPS, MINISTER, LONDON: Sir Lionel West handed to me yesterday telegram from Lord Salisbury agreeing to the negotiations suggested by me informally corresponding with *Sir Charles Tupper after his visit to this capital,* and requesting me to make formal proposal which will be forwarded to you at once."

By reference to my personal letter to you of March 31, which inclosed a copy of my letter to Chas. Tupper of that date, you will perceive that I did not propose the appointment of a "commission." By reason of the action of the Senate of April 15, 1886, in regard to the recommendation of the President for the appointment of a joint commission to take into consideration the entire question of fishing rights of the governments and their citizens on the coast of British North America, the formation of a joint commission was not again proposed by me but in the discharge of his constitutional functions *negotiation* with a view to a settlement was not abandoned, but has been proceeded with by this department under the direction of the President.

You are therefore instructed to propose to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs the appointment of an envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to meet in the city of Washington, a minister plenipotentiary of the Government of the United States, duly authorized by their respective governments to treat of and discuss the method of settling questions which have arisen out of the fisheries on the coasts of British North America and all other questions affecting the relations between the United States and Her Brittanic Majesty's possessions in North America. Should it be found necessary or expedient to increase the number of the representatives of either party in the proposed negotiation it can be done and notice given to that effect.

The largest inclosure consists of about a hundred and twenty-five printed pages from the forthcoming volume of foreign relations correspondence, bringing in the former correspondence between the two governments down to the beginning of the negotiations at Washington.

The Spooner Telegraph Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The Spooner bill providing that telegraph companies be placed under the supervision of the *Inter-State Commerce Commission*, favorably reported in the Senate yesterday from the committee on post-offices and post-roads as *a substitute for the postal* telegraph bills referred to that committee, is accompanied by a report which states that the committee, while recognizing the necessity for reasonable control of the telegraph companies, doubts the policy of the Government assuming the ownership and entire management of them; because it thinks it may be dangerous to increase the patronage of the government, and because of the belief that it would require a great deal more money under Government ownership to carry on the system of telegraphy than to carry it on under the supervision of private interests, and thus make the cost of its use greater to the people than would be necessary under just regulations, such as are proposed. The report further states that it is argued *by some that it would be as safe and* convenient to carry on a postal telegraph system as to carry on the present postal *system. While there is plausability in* this view, it must be remembered that while the Government appoints and regulates the duties of *postmasters and others* employed in the postal service, the vehicles and means of transportation, valued at hundreds of millions of dollars, are not owned by the Government, and that the entire transportation of the mails is done by individuals and corporations under contracts.

The Graydon Dynamite Projectile Cartridges and High-Explosive Experiments.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—A joint resolution was introduced in the House yesterday, authorizing the use on one of the monitors now out of commission and in the dock at the Norfolk navy yard, one eight-inch converted rifled cannon; one of each size of mortars, rifled and smooth-bore; and one of each size of the Hotchkiss guns, with proper ammunition for each of the pieces of ordnance, and such suitable metal targets as are generally used in such experiments, and such other property of the United States not in actual use and appurtenant thereto for experiments and demonstrations, and located near Fortress Monroe to be placed at the disposal of the Graydon Dynamite Projectile and High-Explosive Company, under the supervision and direction of an *army officer to be assigned by the Secretary* of War, and to be used in experiments. The experiments and demonstra*tions are to be conducted by the officers* of the company and an army and a naval officer at or near Fortress Monroe, within three months *from the passage of* this resolution, and $10,000, or so much of it as is necessary, is appropriated to defray the costs of such experiments and demonstrations.

The Tariff and the Free Zone of Mexico

WASHINGTON, March 6.—In response to a Senate resolution calling for the information, Secretary Fairchild says there is no doubt that the existence of the free zone of Mexico furnishes an opportunity for smuggling into the United States. During the past year, merchandise worth $497,654 passed through the United States to Mexico from other countries without payment of duties, and in addition to this, merchandise valued at $194,774 was withdrawn from warehouses and exported to Mexico, making a total of $692,428, of which $ 11,589 was dutiable and $180,839 free under our tariff. It is not known whether any of these goods have been smuggled back into the United States. The Secretary adds that so long as our present tariff on imports is continued, customs officers will be needed to collect duties and prevent smuggling, and that he does not believe the number and *cost of such officials* could be diminished if the free zone of Mexico were abolished.

The Unauthorized Use of the Franking Privilege.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Postmaster General Dickinson, replying to a Senate resolution asking by what authority matter franked by Senators is held for postage, states that he can not ascertain that any such matter has been held, unless it has been to ascertain whether it was franked upon the authority of the Senator whose name was attached to the frank; and in his communication he calls *a tention to the necessity of a law to* punish the unauthorized use of the names of Senators and Representatives in the *franking privilege.*

The Tariff and Revenue Bills.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The Democratic members of the ways and means committee have completed the Internal Revenue bill, and will submit it to the committee to-day, when the Tariff bill will be taken up. The reduction proposed is understood to amount to about $25,000,000, which is taken from tobacco and fruit brandies. Mr. Randall, it is expected, will also make public his Tariff and Revenue bill to-day.

The Fort Wallace Military Reservation.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The House committee on public lands has agreed to favorably report the Turner bill for the disposal of the Fort Wallace military reservation in Kansas. The bill will be amended by striking out the provision donating forty acres to the South Pacific Railroad Company, on which are railroad improvements.

THE FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

(First Session.)

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Mr. Reagan, from the committee on post-offices and post-roads, reported adversely the Edmunds and Cullom bills for the establishment of a postal telegraph, and reported favorably an original bill to regulate inter-State commerce carried on by telegraph, and to subject telegraph companies to the supervision of the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

Mr. Cullom insisted and moved that this bill should be referred to the inter-State commerce committee.

Mr. Gorman expressed his regret that the post-office committee had not confined itself to the subject referred to it—that of establishing a postal telegraph system. The rapid transmission of intelligence was now in the hands of a single corporation, which had wiped out all competition heretofore attempted. And yet that great question, referred to the post-office committee, had been set aside, and a bill to regulate telegraphy (with which the post-office committee had *nothing to do*) substituted for it. The post-office committee had gone beyond any thing referred to it, and he therefore hoped that the bill would be sent to the committee on inter-State commerce.

Mr. Cullom consented to withdraw his motion to refer the bill to the committee on inter State commerce, and to have the bill and reports laid on the table for the present, which was done.

Petitions were presented for the abolition of all licenses and taxes on commercial travelers, and in favor of the per diem pension bill.

Mr. Blackburn presented the credentials of his colleague, Mr. Beck, for the term beginning March 4 next.

Mr. Gibson, from the committee on commerce, reported a bill to incorporate the Atlantic & Pacific Canal Company.

On motion of Mr. Hale the unfinished business—the Dependent Pension bill—was laid aside, and the Senate took up the Urgent Deficiency bill.

Considerable time was spent discussing an amendment proposed by the Senate appropriations committee, to strike out the paragraph in the bill as it came from the House, directing the public printer to rigidly enforce the eight-hour law in his bureau.

Mr. Hale finally, observing that there was considerable opposition in the Senate, withdrew the amendment, but without taking a vote on the House provision, the Senate went into secret session, and at 5:50 p. m. adjourned.

HOUSE.

Under the call of States in the House to-day the following, among other bills and resolutions were introduced and referred:

By Mr. White (Ind.): The following preamble and resolution:

WHEREAS, There has been inaugurated a strike on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad, which, if not speedily checked, will make widespread destitution and suffering, not only to those immediately engaged in it, but to others who are not directly connected therewith, yet, nevertheless, are greatly affected by the prolongation and continuance of said strike:

Resolved, That a special committee of five members be appointed by the Speaker to proceed at once to Chicago and there investigate the condition of affairs in relation to said strike, and that they be empowered and requested to act as mediators between the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company and Chief Arthur, and bring about a settlement of pending troubles which will be amicable and agreeable to both parties, so that the strike will terminate.

By Mr. Morrow, (Cal.): Calling on the President for information regarding the seizure of the Samoan Islands and affairs there.

By Mr. Carruth (Ky.): Amending the laws relating to the entry of distilled spirits into bonded warehouses, and their withdrawal.

By Mr. Breckinridge (Ky.) to declare trusts unlawful and to admit certain imports free of duty.

By Mr. Laird (Neb.): To revive the grade of General of the army.

By Mr. Grosvenor (O.): Resolution directing the committee on military affairs to inquire whether *unofficial matter* had been incorporated into the records of the rebellion; by whom and under what authority.

By Mr. Butterworth: Appropriating $327,00 to enable various executive departments to participate in the international exhibition at Cincinnati.

By Mr. Thomas (Wis.): To define trusts and prohibit trusts from carrying on inter-State commerce.

By Mr. Nutting (N. Y.): For the construction of a ship canal around Niagara Falls.

By Mr. Breckinridge (Ark.): To anticipate the payment of interest on the bonded debt, and to provide for the special deposit of public money.

Bills for public buildings at the *following* named places were also introduced: Newton, Kan.; Cedar Rapids, Ottumwa and Oskaloosa, Ia.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of the contested election case of McDuffie vs. Davison, from Alabama.

Mr. Maish (Pa.) opened the cause for the contestee, and discussed the legal bearings of the contest, as well as the facts elicited in the testimony, which he construed was utterly in sufficient to prove the allegations of fraud made by the contestant.

Mr. Simmons (N. C.) followed with a brief speech on the same side.

Mr. Lodge (Mass.) said that the case illustrated the advance of civilization in the Fourth Alabama district; instead of resorting to the jackboot and saber policy, the Democrats had resorted to fraud upon the ballot-box in order to overcome the Republican majority. There was evidence of general fraud throughout the district, while the poll-lists of the Selma district showed that the "sheeted dead" were made to vote. Of course they voted the Democratic ticket. For the good name of Congress, and in the name of honest elections he believed that the House should reject the sitting member and seat the contestant.

Mr. Outhwaite (Ohio) spoke in favor of the majority report.

Mr. Rowell (Ill.) briefly advocated the minority report, and then the case went over until to-morrow.

Mr. Cox (N. Y.) introduced a bill to divide the employes of the railway mail service into six classes. Referred.

On motion of Mr. Dunn (Ark.), a bill was passed for the erection of a public building at Helena, Ark., at an ultimate cost of $75,000.

On motion of Mr. Dunham (Ill.), a bill was passed authorizing the city of Chicago to erect a crib in Lake Michigan for water-work purposes.

The House then, at 5:25 p. m., adjourned.

For Contempt of Court.

COLUMBUS, O., March 6.—Judge Pugh, of the Common Pleas Court, who is hearing the tally-sheet forgery cases, has issued capiases for the arrest of Allen O. Meyers, Claude Meeker and Colonel W. A. Taylor, *staff correspondents of the Cincinnati Enquirer*, for the publication of recent articles censuring the court for its course during the trial.

THE ENGINEERS' STRIKE

Meeting of the Chairmen of the Grievance Committees Yesterday.

The Strikers Encouraged by the Report From Washington of a Congressional Investigation.

The Company Claims That They Have All the Men They Need to Do Their Business.

CHICAGO, March 6.—The main interest in the Burlington strike yesterday centered around the Grand Pacific. Here, in one of the spacious parlors on the first floor, the chairmen of the grievance committees of a dozen or more important railways, the names of which have already been given in these dispatches, were in close conference. It was a fine looking body of men—grave, dignified of demeanor and in a large measure gray-haired. The doors of the parlor and of the rooms adjoining (the latter being occupied by Chiefs Arthur and Sargeant) were locked from the inside, and sentinels stood guard at the outer portals.

The conference began at ten o'clock, and, with brief intermissions, sat until 8 p. m.—ten hours after the commencement. Before the proceedings opened each delegate was pledged to absolute and unqualified secresy, and during the recess they were as dumb as oysters. From time to time, however, loud voices could be heard within the chamber, and it was evident that the subject matter of the conference was being discussed in a style of decided animation.

The sensation of the day was the news that a resolution had been offered in the House of Representatives at Washington for the appointment of a special committee to investigate the trouble and to act as mediator between the company and its ex-employes. When this was read in the meeting, it was received with prolonged clapping of hands and stamping of feet. Then it formed the subject of a private conference between Messrs. Arthur and Sargeant, and later the latter, speaking for both, said:

"You can say for us that we are perfectly satisfied and ready that any committee composed of practical railroad men shall examine and pass upon our demands at any time. We have been at all times ready to meet the officials of the company and settle our grievances in an amicable manner. We are not asking for our men any more than is paid by other lines running into Chicago. We are perfectly willing to have a House committee examine the matter and see if they can bring about an agreement. This strike was not of our seeking, but we know that the demands of our men are just, and we can readily convince any intelligent body of men of the fact. If the Burlington officials would but accede to our demands, which are three and one-half cents per mile passenger service, and four cents per mile freight service, and sixty per cent. of the above for the firemen every wheel on the system would be turning within twelve hours."

"I indorse every word of that," remarked Chief Arthur who was sitting within earshot.

None of the high officials of the Burlington who could be found last evening were willing to discuss the Congressional proposition. It is understood upon good authority, however, that it is hardly likely to be regarded with favor even if it meets the approval of the committee on commerce, and is adopted by the House. The company will in all probability take the ground that so far as it is concerned no strike is in existence; that it has all the men it needs; that its new employes have been brought here from afar upon pledges of continuous employment; that it is bound in honor to fulfil such guarantees; that it would therefore be impossible under any terms of settlement to take the strikers back in a body, and that the best it could do would be to give employment to a limited number of men. In this view of the matter it will readily be seen that both the proposed investigation and the effort toward mediation would prove little more than a farce.

The officers of the "Q" were in a decidedly cheerful mood yesterday, quite as cheerful, *in fact*, as the band of strikers that gathered at the hall on Fourteenth street, though, unlike the latter, they didn't make the *roof ring* with "Rally Round the Flag, Boys," "John Brown's Body," "Slap, Bang! Here We Are Again," and similar inspiring melodies.

General Passenger Agent Morton, who presided at the usual three-o'clock conversazione of the press contingent, said that the company was out of the woods for good and all; the passenger trains were all running upon schedule time, and the freight traffic had about resumed its normal condition. Forty-five crews had been sent out on Sunday; fifteen more yesterday, and with the men already in town, and waiting to be examined, they had enough to take the place of every striker.

Dispatches from Eastern points state that still more men are on the way, and these would be placed at the disposal of the Chicago, Burlington & Northern in the event of trouble upon that system. The report that the switchmen and brakemen contemplated striking in order to demonstrate their sympathy with the Brotherhoods was, he said, entirely without foundation. When the switchmen struck, they tried their hardest to get the engineers to help them, but they only got laughed at for their pains; hence it was very unlikely that they would now turn around and take a hand in the present trouble.

Late yesterday afternoon General Freight Agent Ripley, after a conference with General Manager Stone, issued the following, which was sent out last night to all the large shippers in the city:

"NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

"The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy will to-morrow (Tuesday) receive all freight, car-loads or less, destined to stations on the lines of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, Chicago & Iowa, Hannibal & St. Joseph, St. Louis, Keokuk & Northwestern, Chicago, Burlington & Kansas City, Burlington & Western, Burlington & Northwestern, Humestone & Shenandoah, Kansas City, St. Joseph & Council *Bluffs* and Chicago, *Burlington* & Northern railroads. We expect to make reasonably prompt deliveries, though our time may not be as good as formerly, and hope very soon to be able to forward and promptly deliver freight for all points on our lines and connections."

The headquarters of the Brotherhoods were literally deluged with dispatches from local divisions breathing words of encouragement and promising ample financial aid. Among the points heard from were Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Paul, Birmingham, Ala., St. Louis, Boise, Ia., Chariton, Ia., Fitchburg, Mass., Eau Claire, Wis., Lincoln, Neb., and Chillicothe, Ohio. The Lafayette (Ind.) division telegraphed that it had sent $1,000 as a token of encouragement.

Reports were industriously circulated during the day that it had been decided to call out the engineers and firemen of the Chicago & Northwestern, but this was denied both at the Grand Pacific and by General Manager Whitman. The latter said that he had been visited by a delegation of the Brotherhood employes, and that they had assured him that they had no cause for complaint.

There was a good movement of trains in the lumber district yesterday, and the dealers in that region have now little cause for complaint. Several long and heavily-loaded freight trains left the yards yesterday afternoon, and on the outskirts all the switching engines were manned. Fifty additional new men were sent out on the road last night.

Resumption of Freight Traffic.

CHICAGO, March 5.—General Freight Agent George Ross of the Burlington, said the road would begin receiving freight to-day. "We are not blocked up at all with freight," said he. "We sent out on Saturday all the freight that had accumulated before we quit receiving freight last week. I can not say how many freight trains we will send out, as I do not know how much freight we will be given. We are prepared to handle all of it, however."

The movement of freight has materialized to a limited extent. In accordance with the notice issued on Saturday to shippers, the freight houses were opened this morning for the receipt of freight for points in Illinois not reached by other roads, and freight was being received at six out of the sixteen doors of the freight house at Canal and Harrison streets.

POLITICAL.

Maine Municipal Elections.

AUGUSTA, Me., March 6.—The following telegram was sent yesterday to Hon. Whitelaw Reid, New York:

Municipal elections held to-day in the cities of Hallowell, Gardiner, Bath, Rockland, Portland, Lewiston, Auburn, Saco and Ellsworth give sweeping Republican majorities in every city, redeeming Ellsworth and Lewiston, the homes of Senators Hale and Frye. An unprecedented Republican triumph. Maine repudiates the free-trade message, and emphasizes its condemnation of the surrender in the Fishery treaty.

[Signed] J. H. MANLEY,
Chairman Republican State Committee.

The Largest Majority Ever Gained.

PORTLAND, Me., March 6.—The city election yesterday resulted in an overwhelming victory for the Republicans—the largest majority ever gained by that party in a municipal election. For mayor, Chapman, Republican, received 3,054 votes; Dow, Democrat and Prohibitionist, 1,934 and scattering 32. The Republicans carry every ward for Mayor and elect every alderman. They have also elected sixteen members of the Common Council to three by the Democrats and no choice in two cases.

Defeated the Labor Ticket.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., March 6.—The labor ticket was defeated yesterday by a Democratic majority of 700. The Republicans had no candidate for mayor, and out of nine aldermen elected 5, a Democratic gain of four.

At Boone the Democrats elected three councilmen and the Republicans two.

At Lemars two Democrats and one Republican were elected aldermen.

A special from Sioux City says the election there was one of the *most vigorous* in the history of the city. A large vote was polled, and returns will not be completed until very late.

A Victory for the Democrats.

FT. MADISON, Ia., March 6.—The city election yesterday resulted in a victory for the Democrats in three wards and the election of the Republican nominee in the First ward. The only fight was in the Second and Third wards, caused by the recent closing of saloons under the Clark liquor law.

Carried by the Democrats.

DES MOINES, Ia., March 6.—The city election here yesterday resulted in the election of W. L. Carpenter for mayor and the entire Democratic ticket, by majori*ties ranging from 600 to 500.* The laboring men voted almost solidly for the Democratic ticket.

Many Democratic Gains.

WATERLOO, Ia., March 6.—The Democrats elected one councilman and the Republicans three, among the latter, ex-Governor R. R. Sherman. Election reports from neighboring towns show slight Democratic gains in many places.

New York Republican State Committee.

NEW YORK, March 6.—It has been decided to call a meeting of the Republican State committee at the Fifth Avenue Hotel for March 15.

LEWISTON, Me., March 6.—For mayor, Little, Republican, 1,796; McGillicuddy, Democrat, 1,613.

AUBURN, Me., March 6.—For mayor, Penley, Republican, 161; Foss, Democrat, 376; Stanley, Independent, 281; French, Prohibitionist, 52.

GARDINER, Me., March 6.—Jno. W. Berry re-elected mayor without opposition.

ELLSWORTH, Me., March 6.—Aiken, Republican, for mayor, has 181 majority over Mason, Democrat, with one small ward missing, which was Republican last year. The Republicans show large gains.

BATH, Me., March 6.—Wakefield, Republican, is elected mayor by 174 majority over Hughes, Democrat, and Shaw, Prohibitionist. Total vote, 1,800. The elected aldermen and councilmen are Republicans. There are ties in four of the seven wards.

ROCKLAND, Me., March 6.—White, Republican, for mayor, has 500 majority over Gay, Democrat, and Jameson, Independent. The entire Republican ticket is elected.

ST. LOUIS *Globe Dem.:* If it is true that the members of the Engineers' Brotherhood on lines not controlled by the C., B., and Q. are to be called out, the order will do much to lessen the respect in which it has hitherto been held by the people of the country. The public will endure, with such philosophy as it can command, the inconveniences resulting from the interruption of traffic on the Quincy line and its extensions, but it will view with decided disfavor an extension of transportation on roads beyond the jurisdiction of that line, which is said to be contemplated by Chief Arthur, in the hope of bringing the C., B. and Q. to terms.

THERE is no denying the fact that Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic is the most successful blood purifier ever put on the market. Its wonderful cures in all stomach, kidney and liver troubles has brought out many imitations. It restores debilitated nerve tissues, restoring the force lost by sickness, mental work or the excessive use of liquor, opium and tobacco. Dr. A. J. Stoner will supply the genuine at 50 cents a bottle. 3b

Grain In Store in Chicago.

Weekly Statement, compiled from the books of the State Warehouse Registrar, showing the amount, in bushels, of each kind of grain in store in the Public Warehouses of Chicago, at the close of business on

SATURDAY, March 3, 1888.

Kind of Grain.	Increase during week.	Decrease during week.	Total amount in store.	Am't in store same time last year.
Wheat	10,420	....	5,434,975	12,706,045
Corn	235,017	....	2,657,375	5,741,221
Oats	42,603	....	965,480	1,061,333
Rye	6,724	....	32,939	160,930
Barley	4,366	....	337,688	206,655
Total	349,134	....	9,498,457	19,866,303

Net increase during the week....349,134 bushels.

J. W. BURST,
Warehouse Registrar.

A Card.

I wish to say to my friends and the public that I am no longer a member of the real estate firm of Pritchett & Montgomery, and am to be found in the future at the office of Montgomery Brothers, over the Millikin bank building on Water street. The new firm will conduct a general real estate, loan and insurance business, and everything entrusted to them will receive prompt and careful attention. As a member of the old firm I have gained many friends, all of whom I hope to retain, and shall endeavor by honorable methods to make many new ones.

Call and see me at the office of Montgomery Bros. Very Truly

CHAS. W. MONTGOMERY,
Formerly of Pritchett & Montgomery.

28-d6

Get It Fixed Up.

Your old buggy needs repainting. The wear and tear of a year has made it look shabby, and it needs repainting and repairing to preserve it and keep it from going to ruin. If you have an old vehicle of this kind there is no place where it can be fixed up at such reasonable figures as at C. W. Frew's shop, on Wood street. His motto is good work at the least possible cost. Feb 29-d&w1m

"GEBOLIUM."

DR. T. P. HUBBELL'S

OPTICAL INSTITUTE.

Spectacles carefully and correctly fitted for Astigmatism, Myopia, Hypermetropia, and all other defects of vision that can be fitted.

Examinations and Prescriptions Free

Open Day and Evening.

239 N. Main Street,
DR. T. P. HUBBELL, Prop'r.

Call and look at my line of ACCURATE Thermometers.

OUR FOURTH

Muslin Underwear

SALE,

On Monday, Feb. 13.

100 PIECES

Night Gowns, Chemises, Drawers, Skirts and Corset Covers at 25c.

1500 Pieces at 50c.

Will close them all out in FIVE DAYS. Come and get them while you have the chance.

S. G. HATCH & BRO.,
143 E. Main Street, Powers' Block.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y. mar14d&w1yr

1500 New Cloaks and Wraps,

For ladies and children, in elegant styles and decidedly cheap, at

d&w LINN & SCRUGGS.

WHITE VESTS for barkeepers at B Stine's. dtf

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Embracing Underwear, Scarfs Handkerchiefs, Half-hose, in the best goods, and at the lowest prices. LINN & SCRUGGS.

d&w

THE Bluegrass Shop will repaint your carriage or wagon cheaper than elsewhere. Remember this. Repairing promptly done. March 3-d&wtf

The Following Three Lots of

+CLOAKS+

Have To-Day Been Reduced as Follows:

LOT ONE---YOUR CHOICE FOR TWENTY DOLLARS.

2 Brocade Silk Fur Trimmed, Size 38, Sold For Forty-Six Dollars.
1 Fine Black Beaver Astrachan Trimmed, Size 34, Sold For Thirty-Five Dollars.
2 Brown Boucle, Beaver Trimmed, Sizes 36 and 38, Sold For Thirty Dollars.
1 Corded Beaver, Velvet Trimmed, Size 40, Sold For Thirty Dollars.

LOT TWO---YOUR CHOICE FOR TWELVE DOLLARS.

Three Brown Boucles, Sizes 32, 36 and 40, Sold For Twenty Dollars.
Three Black Boucles, Astrachan Trimmed, Sizes 32, 34 and 38, Sold For Twenty Dollars.
Two Brown Corded Beavers, Beaver Trimmed, Sizes 38 and 40, Sold For Twenty Dollars.
Two Drabbed Beavers, Astrachan Trimmed, Sizes 34 and 38, Sold For Twenty Dollars.
Three Brown Beavers, Sizes 32 and two 34, Sold For Twenty Dollars.
Four Brown Rough Beavers, Sizes 32, 34, 36, and 38, Sold For Twenty Dollars.
Five Black Rough Beavers, Sizes Two 32, Two 34 and 38, Sold For Twenty Dollars.
Four Black Diagonal Beavers, Velvet Trimmed, Sizes Three 32 and 40, Sold For $20.
Three Brown Cloaks, Velvet Trimmed, Sizes 34, 36 and 40, Sold For $20.
Two Black Beavers, Plush Trimmed, Sizes 34 and 40, Sold For $16.
Two Brown Corded Beavers, Astrachan Trimmed, Sizes Both 32, Sold For $18.

LOT THREE---YOUR CHOICE FOR EIGHT DOLLARS.

One Plain Black Beaver, Size 38, Sold For Fifteen Dollars.
Four Black Diagonal, Astrachan Trimmed, Sizes 30, 32, 38 and 40, Sold For Fifteen Dollars.
Two Brown " " " " 30 and 32, Sold For Fifteen Dollars.
" Green " " " " 40, Sold For Fifteen "
Three Black " Fancy Trimmed, Sizes 30, 32 and 38, Sold For Fifteen Dollars.
One Brown " " " 40, Sold For Fifteen Dollars.
Three Gray Cloth, Braid Trimmed, Sizes 32 and Two 34, Sold For Thirteen Dollars.
Two Black Corded, Astrachan Trimmed, Sizes Both 32, Sold For Twelve Dollars.
One Brown " " " 40, Sold For Twelve Dollars.
Three Plain Black Beavers, Astrachan Trimmed, Sizes Two 44 and 42, Sold For $12.
Two Plain Brown Mixed, Astrachan Trimmed, Sizes 34 and 38, Sold For $12.

25 Plain Black Diagonals at $9, $6 and $5—All Reduced to $4.

F. L. HAYS & Co.

OUR WATCH DEPARTMENT

Contains Full Lines of the

Waltham, Elgin, Springfield, Columbus, Rockford, Hampden and Howard Manufacture,

In Solid Gold, Gold Filled, Silver and Silverine Cases, comprising the

+LARGEST STOCK+

We are receiving New Goods and New Patterns in

+LADIES' BROOCHES,+

Sleeve Buttons, Ladies' and Gents' Vest Chains, Etc., Etc.

OUR PRICES ARE ALWAYS THE LOWEST.

W. R. ABBOTT & CO.

THE PEOPLE'S

Savings and Loan Association

Will Issue Its 14th Series of Stock Dating from March 19, 1888.

Payments, 50 cents per Share per month. Money paid on stock can be withdrawn at any time on notice, with Six per cent. Interest thereon. You can make deposits on stock the same as you would in a Savings Bank, with the same assurance of safety, and get a better rate of interest on your savings. Stock can be subscribed for at the office of the Association, 128 South Water Street, Decatur, Illinois.

DEWITT C. SHOCKLEY, President. CHAS. H. BROWN, Vice President.

ALBERT BARNES, Secretary and Treasurer.

March 2-d2w

Wabash Through Car Service.

Taking effect Monday, March 5th, the Wabash Railway will run train 41 leaving Toledo 10:20 a. m. as a through Kansas City fast train with through chair car.

GOING WEST, LEAVE		GOING EAST, LEAVE	
Defiance	12 05 p m	Kansas City	6 30 p m
Ft. Wayne	1 50 p m	Decatur	6 25 a m
Huntington	2 20 p m	Danville	9 00 a m
Wabash	3 00 p m	LaFayette	10 45 a m
Peru	3 20 p m	Logansport	11 47 a m
Logansport	3 45 p m	Peru	12 12 p m
Delphi	4 21 p m	Ft. Wayne	1 55 p m
LaFayette	4 58 p m		
Attica	5 36 p m	Arriving at	
Danville	6 35 p m	Toledo	5 00 p m
Decatur	9 10 p m		

Arriving at Kansas City via Hannibal.. 9 00 a m

A through sleeping car will run on these trains between Decatur and Kansas City.

Additional local passenger trains will be run, stopping at all stations, one leaving LaFayette at 7 a. m., arriving at Ft. Wayne at 11 a. m.; returning leave Ft. Wayne at 4 p. m., arriving at LaFayette at 8 p. m.; another, leaving Toledo at 7 a. m., arriving at Ft. Wayne at 10:30 a. m., returning leave Ft. Wayne at 4 p. m., arriving at Toledo at 7:35 p. m. Feb29-5t

Opera House

ONE NIGHT ONLY,

Wednesday, March 7.

THE MAGICAL ATTRACTION,

THE EARLY BIRDS

A Company from all parts of the World. The Greatest Amusement Enterprise before the Public, Including

Zittella, Jolly Nash, Mlle. Lola Fenelon, The King Sisters, Flynn and Zittella, Nubar Hassan, Eight New Sports in Town, Joe Garland, from Dockstader's Minstrels, New York.

Our Brilliant Corps of Burlesque Artists:
Lillie Shandley, Maud Chatwood, Emma Warde, Ida Walters, Louise Miller, Pauline Cook, Lizzie Ray, Selina Welden, Amy Morton, Nellie O'Keefe and Belle Davidson.

The Performance to conclude with the Intensely Amusing Burlesque,

•••SHE,•••

Or, Once In a Thousand Years.

A Nonsensical, Bewitching, Melodious and Winsome Parody on the Popular Novel by H. Rider Haggard, written expressly for the "Early Birds" by Harry Emmet and Gov. Ado Ryan. Incidental Music by Mr. Fred Solomon.

PRICES—25, 50 AND 75 CENTS.

Seats on sale at Prescott's Music Store.

Notice.

The public is notified that the office of the Decatur Charity Organization is located at 247 East Main street; office hours 8 to 11 a. m. and 2 to 5 p. m. A register is kept at the office, where persons in search of employment can have their names enrolled. All parties wanting to secure men or women to do work should apply at the office for information. f23-dtf

Removal.

I have moved my office for the 10c Package Delivery from over the drug store to F. D. Caldwell's office, in front part of American Express Co.'s room. My telephone number will be 26, instead of 444, as heretofore. If my friends will call on me I will treat them right. Packages, 10c; Trunks, 15c.

29-d6 I. D. STINE.

"GEBOLIUM."

THE latest kink in ladies' foot gear are the variagated over-gaiters to match suits—any kind you want. They are conducive to health and comfort. Full assortment at Powers & Haworth's store.

28-d1w

THE *Judge:* De lazy man wudn' wuck any haddah ef he had fo' han's.

Newmarkets,

Plain, Stripes and Plaids, for ladies and Misses, beautiful styles.

daw LINN & SCRUGGS.

THE Hercules white shirts are the best and only one dollar. LINN & SCRUGGS.

daw

ANYONE in search of a first-class cooking apparatus can find what they want in the "Home Comfort" Range sold by Morehouse, Wells & Co. One of the best housekeepers in the city says: "We did not know what home comfort was until we got a 'Home Comfort' range in the house." n30-tf

INTERIOR Decorating and Paper Hanging artistically done at reasonable prices. Leave orders at the store.

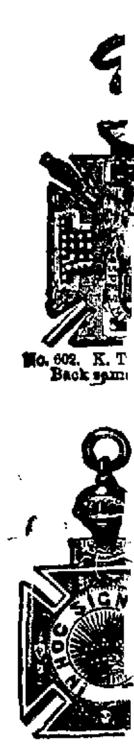
11-d6w1 LOUIS H. ABEL.

$2.50 per week, for twelve weeks, will pay for a full course in shorthand and type-writing or book-keeping at Central Business College, 252 North Water street, H. Nelson, Principal. f14-d1m

LADIES' NEWPORTS with over-gaiters to match suits are the correct thing this spring. Full line of these stylish goods now in stock at Powers & Haworth's.

28-d1w

*EM



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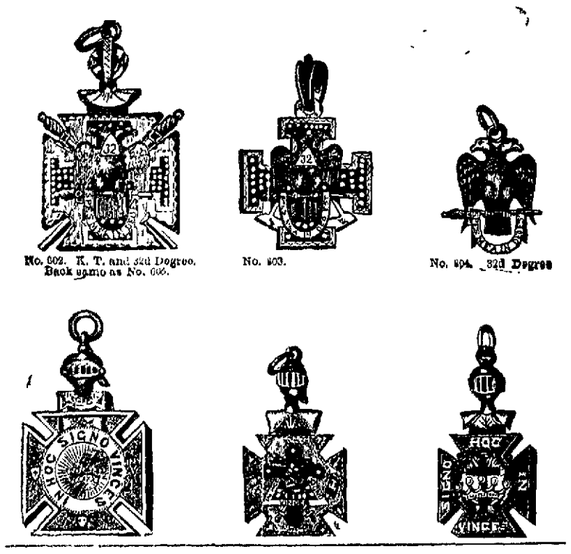
EMBLEMATIC GOODS.



No. 602. K. T. and 32d Degree. Back same as No. 606. No. 603. No. 604. 32d Degree

Headquarters for all Emblematical Charms, Rings and Badges: Knights Templar, Knights of Pythias, I. O. O. F., Masonic Blue Lodge and Chapter Emblems, G. A. R. and all other Society Goods, at VERY LOW PRICES.

OTTO F. CURTIS & BRO.,

Wholesale and Retail Jewelers,

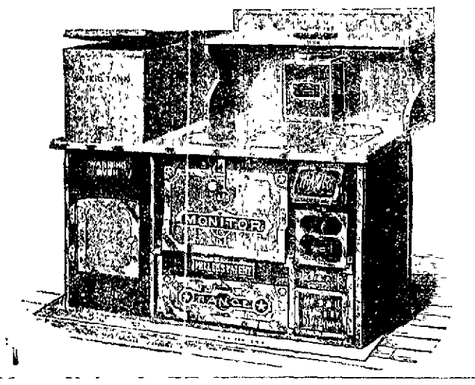
156 EAST MAIN ST.

THE PATENT

DOUBLE CASED MONITOR RANGES

Have Outstripped All Competition.

They are Leaders, Not Followers.



Their many points of Superiority can be seen by calling on

LYTLE & ECKELS.

1888—1855—33

I buy Your Meats Of

IMBODEN BROS.

BARGAINS

Every Day in the Year at

L. L. Ferriss & Co.'s

Call and Examine the

QUALITY OF THEIR GOODS,

Learn their Prices and be Convinced.

DAILY REPUBLICAN.

SPECIALTIES.

Windsor, Mocha and Java;

COFFEES,

PRINCESS TEA,

Pillsbury's Best Flour,

BOOTH OYSTERS,

Quaker City Preserves,

4-X Maple Syrup,

Pennsylvania Buckwheat,

Extra German Soap,

AT

DINGES & CLOYD'S.

TUESDAY EVE., MARCH 6, 1888.

LOCAL NEWS.

FOR dinner and tea sets, go to E. D. BARTHOLOMEW & Co.'s.

"GEROLIUM."

16 DEGREES above zero this morning. Clear and cool.

SEE the "Early Birds" in music and fun to-morrow night at the opera house.

THE water is getting just a little clearer—not much, however.

SEND orders by telephone to W. H. Shorb for stock feed ready for use.

DRIVE Whist party at the Decatur Club rooms Thursday night.

FOR SALE—A house of three rooms, on North College street.
6-d6 G. W. EHRHART.

THE regular meeting of the Good Templars' lodge was held last night.

SELECT stock feed at Niedermeyer's store on the Mound.

THERE will be quarterly meeting services at the U. B. church next Sabbath, conducted by Elder Field. Communion services in the evening.

THE best of country butter and fresh eggs at Knode & Osborne's grocery store.

REV. T. DEWITT TALMAGE will lecture in Decatur, March 14. Mar2-dtdw1t

GOSPEL meeting for young men in the Young Men's Christian Association rooms this evening at 7:30 o'clock. Attend.

YOU will like Hatfield & Co.'s celebrated White Foam flour. Order it.

THE entire first floor of the St. Charles Hotel block, with the exception of a small space, 20x20, has been leased by A. Wait to the Spencer & Lehman agricultural implement firm. The company will make a big display of machinery and buggies.

POTOMAC river fish at George Huebsamen's grocery store to-morrow. Also fresh meats

BE sure and hear Rev. Robert McIntyre at First M. E. church Monday night, March 12. "The Man with the Musket; or, Soldiering in Dixie." 5-d3

THE Charles A. Conklin business block on South Main street, occupied by H. F. May & Bro. and J. H. Inman, has been sold to O. Z. Greene for $8,500. It is a two-story brick block. The frontage is 40 feet, 150 feet deep. Mr. Conklin is a resident of Los Angeles, Cal.

GOOD fruits and choice groceries at J. Lytle & Co.'s store in Opera block. All orders promptly filled.

THE police are after a negro who burglarized the Careins farm house near Mt. Zion yesterday while the family was attending the funeral of Mrs. J. R. Scott. A revolver, a pair of boots and other articles were taken. The thief was supposed to be in Decatur last night. There has been no arrest.

BUY a Round Oak stove at Lytle & Eckels' hardware store.

THOMAS LEE, Attorney at Law, has moved his office to No. 127 South Water street, opposite the court house. 1-d*

THIS morning at 7 o'clock Sheriff Higgins, of Olney, left for the Pontiac Reform School with Charles Lozier in custody. The boy shot a horse in Richland county and was sentenced to the school. He escaped and came to Decatur, where he was caught a few days ago. The sheriff and his youthful prisoner took breakfast at the Hotel Brunswick this morning.

NICE apples and fruits, butter and eggs at Hanks & Patterson's grocery store, 143 South Water street.

LADIES' patent leather shoes in B, C and D widths, something never before carried in Decatur. Also patent leather Newports in A, B and C widths, and bronze Newports, at Powers & Haworth's, opposite opera house. 28-d1w

CORN! CORN! CORN! See George W. Ehrhart. 27-d6

FOR all kinds of bread, pies, cakes and rolls, go to the bakery of Aungst & Dowling, 533 North Morgan street. None better in the city. jan30-dtf

AT the recent meeting of the Jacksonville city council the annual appropriation ordinance providing for an expenditure of $65,000 was passed. The ordinance provides $10,000 for street paving, $12,000 for water works, $5,000 for the fire department and $6,000 for street cleaning and sprinkling.

THERE will be but two main aisles in Bradley Bros.' new store, with one entrance from the Water street side.

USE White Loaf and Daily Bread flour. It is sold by leading grocers.

SAVE time and trouble by calling at Powers & Haworth's for the most complete assortment of shoes for infants, girls and misses—spring heels and solar tips. All widths—sure to suit you. 28-d1w

"GEROLIUM."

A SOCIABLE will be given at the Macedonia Baptist church on South Broadway, Thursday evening, March 8th, for the benefit of the church. A cordial invitation to all. Mar3-dtd

Central Park Market.

Having purchased from Wm. Young & Bro. the meat market known as Central Park Market, we wish to announce to the public that we intend continuing the business at the same place as a branch market, and will guarantee that our patrons will find the market supplied at all times with the best of everything in our line. Wm. Young in charge.
3-d6 IMBODEN BROS.

NONELTIES in Ladies' Felt Hats, at dtf E. STINE'S.

GOLD-HEADED SILK Umbrellas, the finest in the market, at E. Stine's. dtf

The Demand for Sieves.

It was plainly apparent last night that the city council intended to adjourn without touching upon the matter of decent water supply, but before the motion to adjourn was put City Clerk Betzer solemnly remarked that there had been a big demand at his office for water sieves but as he had none on hand he wanted to know what the purchasing committee was going to do in reference to the matter. Ald. Foster, who is chairman of that committee, sharply directed that all applicants be referred to the committee. Ald. Muzzy seriously referred to the question by stating that it was due the public that some statement be made, whereupon Ald. Harwood asked Ald. Whitsel, chairman of the water committee, to enlighten the council and the public as to the progress made at the works for clear water. Mayor Kinan repeated the request, but Mr. Whitsel did not catch the drift of the discussion, whereupon the council adjourned. The Mayor stated that as soon as possible all defects in the filter would be remedied and clear water furnished the water takers. Ald. Shoemaker suggested that the only remedy would be the digging of a lot of deep wells and the concentration of the supply in a large basin, the water to be pumped out of the basin through the mains to the city. This view is endorsed by the Mayor.

Terrific Explosion.

This forenoon there was a terrific explosion of dynamite at a small town near Richmond, Ind., within 60 miles of Indianapolis, the shock being so great that the people at Indianapolis thought there had been an earthquake. There is no telegraph office at the town near which the disaster occurred and no particulars can be obtained.

Officers Elected.

At the semi-annual election of officers of Celestial Lodge of Odd Fellows 186, held last night, the following were chosen:

Noble Grand—Ed. Sasseen.
Vice Grand—W. F. Dennis.
Recording Secretary—John C. Mark.
Permanent Sec'y—Ed. Saylor.
Trustees—I. A. Buckingham, H. C. Scanlan, Cliff Betzer, Ed. Bassey and Daniel Moore.

Death of His Sister.

Mr. Dayton Dunhan last evening received the sad news of the death of his only sister, Mrs. Mary J. Smith, aged 79 years, 3 months and 21 days, which occurred at Brownstown, Ind., on March 3. Dayton is now the only surviving member of the Dunham family. He is in the 74th year of his age.

Sales of Real Estate.

Frederick Nientker to Minnie Robins, two acres in lot 4, 11, 15, 3, $200.

Jemima Wingley to D. L. Bunn and J. N. Tinkham, lots 3 and 4, in block 2, Wait & Co.'s addition, $1,000.

Henry A. Wood to Arvilla McKown, lot 4, in block 1, Wood's addition, $100.

W. B. Hunter to Malinda M. Mace, quit claim, two acres in 9, 15, 3, $50.

Elvira Lanphere and others to W. B. Hunter, two acres in 9, 15, 3. $50.

J. E. Davis to Malinda M. Mace, one-half acre of sections 4 and 9 in 15, 3, $25.

Henry Beston to Cornelius Kelly, lot 6 in block 2, First Rolling Mill Addition, $500.

Mary Parker's estate to Oscar L. Cash, 80 acres in 4, 14, 1, $4800.

John Parker to Oscar L. Cash, 80 acres in 4, 14, 2, $1,000.

Note from Prof. Philbrook.

Mr. E. A. Gastman is in receipt of an interesting letter from Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Philbrook, dated Trabue, Florida, March 1. He writes: "We have been having some cool days lately—one morning it was 47 above. To-day it has been splendid, and Mrs. Swan and I took a ride to Alligator Creek to get flowers. We stopped at one house where the gardener took his *smoker* out and brought us in some very nice honey, all capped over and put into comb that has been made in the last ten days. The honey is made from a plant resembling pennyroyal. We picked ripe strawberries and saw all kinds of tropical fruits. On the creek was some very pretty tropical scenery and the water full of fish. Bananas in bloom and ripening on the same tree. We went through one orange orchard and I enclose some buds and some sweet potato blossoms. I suppose there are twenty-five distinct species of plants in bloom in my room as I write, some of them quite pretty and most of them wild flowers of the woods." Evidently Mr. Philbrook's health is greatly improved. He is kept on the go every day gathering flowers and visiting points of interest.

A MEETING of the official board of the German Methodist church was held last night, when it was decided to sell the old parsonage property at 531 North College street, a brick house of six rooms and kitchen, well and cistern, and good cellar. The church will build a new home for the preacher on the rear of the new church lot, the house to front on Jackson street.

DATA collected indicate that the reports of the Illinois railroads for 1887 will show 7,442 miles of main track, 2,028 miles of branch road, 599 miles of double track, and 1,801 miles of sidings, making 11,871 miles of railroad in Illinois at the close of last year. The amount of taxes paid by the railroads for that year was $2,356,114 on an assessed valuation of $68,900,000.

Ever More.

Carpets, Curtains, Rugs and Wall Decorations—elegant patterns—just in, at Abel's Carpet Store. If you miss the opportunity of buying these goods at the price they are going, you will regret it *evermore*.

MARY had a little lamb, its fleece was white and cheap, and everywhere that Mary went free-traders kicked that sheep. It followed her to town one day, and on the railroad grade, she met a crank with a spotted pup, who wanted a free trade. "What, trade my lamb for a bob-tailed dog? Do you think that I am a fool?" "No, no," said he, "but you see, dear miss, I am entirely out of wool. Besides, my dear, my pants are torn and I want an old wool hat, for by the old Moses and jumping Joe I'm a free-trade Democrat."

"BUT oh! what damned minutes tells he o'er" who suffers, but waits; who writhes, yet moans, before he makes up his mind to send out for just twenty-five cents worth of Salvation Oil, the main cure.

THEY say the average politician is getting hoarse talking about tariff and no tariff; but he cures his cold every night with Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and begins afresh next morning with the lark.

He is in Jail.

Charles Taylor, a negro charged with stealing the $100 watch from Curtis & Bro.'s jewelry store, was brought in from St. Louis last night by Marshal Mason. He will be given a chance for a preliminary hearing in a few days. Both the thief and watch were discovered in St. Louis by the police of that city. It now develops that had the thief been up to snuff he could have got away with $7,500 worth of diamonds at Curtis & Bro.'s store that day. The tray containing the gems was in the show window within as easy reach as the watch.

The negro took the watch direct to St. Louis and sold it to a woman who keeps a second-hand store. He got $13.75 for it, and $2.50 for a silver watch he had stolen.

Second Ward Republican Club.

The called meeting of Republican voters of the Second Ward was held last night in the office of Treasurer Steele, when permanent officers were elected as follows:

President—W. B. Chambers.
Vice President—Geo. S. Durfee.
Secretary—Parke Hammer.
Treasurer—John A. Barnes.
Executive Committee—D. C. Shockley, Sam C. Davis and John A. Barnes.

Delegates to Springfield—E. C. Bassey, L. L. Burrows, Jerome Anderson, Parke Hammer, D. C. Shockley and F. E. Miller. Alternates—F. W. Haines, Sam C. Davis, D. T. Sherman, A. S. Lamberton and J. W. Carter.

Committee on permanent place of meeting—Geo. S. Durfee, Lewis Lyon and Jerome Anderson.

All Republican voters of the Second Ward are requested to call at J. Millikin & Co.'s bank and sign the club roll.

The Brenneman Sale.

The Brenneman Bros. stock sale is in progress this afternoon at the farm, one mile north of Decatur, with Col. J. H. Kirkpatrick, of Bloomington, as auctioneer. The stock includes 35 head of grade Clyde and Norman mares and geldings, 15 head of roadster mares and geldings, one span of 3-year old mules; Sea Gull, a standard bred 5-year old trotting stallion, and Favory, an imported Percheron stallion. A large number of buyers are in attendance.

In Behalf of Westbrook.

Attorneys I. R. Mills and I. D. Walker are at Ottawa, Ill., to-day, in the interest of William Westbrook, condemned to be hung on March 30 for the murder of William Gross. The attorneys are fortified with the record of the trial, and hope to secure a supersedeas from the supreme court judges in session at Ottawa.

PERSONAL MENTION.

C. M. Imboden left for Chicago last night.

Mrs. J. J. Brundan is at Springfield, the guest of her uncle, Governor Oglesby.

Dennis Bradley is in Gotham, buying new goods for the New York Store.

Judge Race and family will probably return from Hot Springs the last of next week.

Hon. Hugh Crea has sailed for home and will probably arrive in Decatur March 15th.

C. W. Battles has been kept at his home several days with neuralgia in the face.

Geo. W. Downing will leave to-night for Milwaukee to visit his jobbing customers. He goes thence to Chicago and Kansas City.

Will J. Wayne sends us a batch of California papers from San Francisco. He writes: "I left San Jose yesterday (Feb. 28). Miller and Starr party are well. Frank Leforgee meets me here Friday and we then make a tour of Chinatown."

Harry A. Wickes, of Maroa, and Miss Julia Thritt, of Friends Creek; Charles Downey, of Illiopolis, and Miss Aggie Todd, of Decatur; Henry Jubb, of Niantic, and Mrs. Sarah E. Grubb, of Decatur, were granted marriage licenses to-day.

Kuy Kepley and Harry Hopping, of Goodman's band, left for Chicago last night to settle with the Acme Picture Company. The young men have been traveling through the south with the Acme band since last fall, and now they are in Chicago for the balance of salary due them.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Yoakum, of Piatt county, who have been in California three months, passed through Decatur yesterday en route to their home, all tired and anxious to reach home. They visited every city and point of interest on the Pacific coast and come home more in love than ever with their farm in Piatt county. While in San Diego they saw 13 funerals in one day.

Dr. Christopher Goodbrake, who was a regimental surgeon during the late war, and one of the most eminent surgeons in the state, also surgeon for the Illinois Central, is lying quite low at his residence at Clinton with abscess in the head, accompanied with erysipelas. The physicians have been hopeful, but some think his case less favorable to-day than yesterday. The doctor's advanced age and recent poor health seem unfortunately against him.

A Dog Case.

The other day W. W. Shockey shot and killed a pointer dog belonging to Joe McGarity. The owner has sued Mr. Shockey for $25. The trial is in progress before Justice Stevens on a change of venue from Provost.

Club Meeting.

All members of the Abraham Lincoln Club are requested to attend a meeting to be held at the office of Treasurer Steele Wednesday evening, March 7th, at 7:30 o'clock. Business of importance.
HUE SINGLETON, Pres.

Property For Sale.

The W. J. Condell residence property at the corner of West Eldorado and Church streets, is offered for sale. The lot has a frontage of 95 feet on Church street and is 134 feet deep, one of the few desirable corner lots in the city. There are two dwellings on the lot, one of seven rooms and the other six. Good well and double cisterns. Apply to the owner at 506 North Church street. 29-d2w

Decatur Lecture Course.

6th Entertainment.

James Whitcomb Riley.

Opera House.

Thursday Evening, March 8th.

Reserved Seats 35c at Prescott's—Gallery 25c.

If I have a friend on a lecture committee in the United States this season, I want to whisper in his ear that one of the best hits he can make will be to surprise his audience with J. W. Riley. The people that once listen to him will want him back again the same season.

There is nothing but pure gold about Riley, and whatever he says is worth listening to. No lecture course is complete without him.
ROBT. J. BURDETTE.

DEAR PUBLIK: I take extreem delite in introdusing 2 yure imediate notis mi yung and handsum friend, Mr. James Whitkum Riley, who is a phunny man of purest ray sereen. He is the only man i kno that plays his own hand, or, in wurds less profeshonal, the only man that gives his own produxions, and not other folks'. He is phunnier than tung kan tell.
Yurs without a struggle.
JOSH BILLINGS.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

Mayor Kinan and all of the aldermen were present at the regular meeting of the city council held last night.

Nicholas Probst's petition for a rebate of license of $1 a day for the sale of a washing machine was refused.

Property owners on South Water street, between East Main and East Wood streets, asked that a crossing be constructed across from the south side of court house block. Referred to the committee on sidewalks and crossings.

Peter Haley was granted a petition to put up a small candy stand on the I. O. O. F. lot, near the Gallagher block.

G. W. Davidson was granted permission to put up a wooden shed at the rear of 322 East Wood street.

Property owners on South Broadway asked that the street and sidewalks be lowered to grade from the I. C. crossing to the crossing in front of J. R. Mosser's residence. Referred to the committee on sidewalks and crossings.

REPORTS.

The report of Treasurer Skelly, showing a balance in the general fund of $2,607.65 to Feb. 1, was placed on file. Inspector Hammer's report for February was placed on file. Supt. Alexander reported 32,459 feet of lumber on hand March 1st; total expense, $129.90—filed. City Engineer Barnett for February reported 62,027,395 gallons water pumped; 339,035 pounds of coal used; electric light engine run 195 hours and 20 minutes; filed. The report of the city treasurer for January was filed.

THE NEW BOILERS.

The bid of the Vulcan Iron Works of Peoria, represented by McAleenan & Co., to furnish the Decatur water works two new boilers, according to specifications, for $2700, was discussed and the bid accepted.

The various pay rolls and claims were ordered paid.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Muzzy That the mayor be instructed to notify the Vulcan Iron Works of Peoria that their bid for boilers is accepted, and they are requested to file bond for $2,000 for same in readiness for acceptance at next regular meeting of this council. Adopted.

By Shoemaker: That an ordinance be drawn for the paving with good hard brick East Eldorado street, from the east side of the I. C. railroad track east to the city limits; to be 30 feet wide. Adopted.

By Muzzy: That the Wabash railway be requested to furnish flagmen at the Broadway and North Main street crossings of the road, in the interest of the road and for the safety of the public. Adopted.

By Muzzy: That the public improvement committee be instructed to confer with C. P. Thatcher and persons interested on North Water street paving in view, the securing of a strip of land from the east side of his property on the west side of North Water street at the Wabash crossing. Adopted.

By Muzzy: That the poles, telegraph and otherwise, at the north side of the Wabash road at the Water street crossing be removed, in order that so narrow a street at that point may not be so obstructed. Referred to streets and alleys committee with power to act.

By Muzzy: That Dempsey & Giblin file their bonds for the paving of S. Webster street, East Main street and Broadway, to be submitted at the next meeting of the council. Referred to the mayor.

By Muzzy: That the electric light near the eastern terminus of Cerro Gordo street be placed at the intersection of Cerro Gordo and North Water streets. Adopted.

By Muzzy That the city attorney and city engineer report to this council the width of North Water street, from Cerro Gordo to Mason street. Adopted.

HORSE CAR LINE.

An ordinance was presented and adopted granting the Citizens' Street Railway Company right of way on North Water street, from North street to Centre street, the city limits, the cars to be run every half hour from 6:30 a. m. to 9:30 p. m. of each day; the cars to be stopped within 50 feet of the Wabash road until the driver is assured that there is no danger, and when there is no flagman at the crossing the driver shall go to the railway crossing and see that there is no danger. The vote on the adoption of the ordinance was 8 to 2, Foster and Metz voting nay.

By request of Ald. Shoemaker and Ferguson, under the rules, the ordinance for paving North Water street was laid over for action until the next meeting.

LICENSE REFUSED.

Peter Sells made application to open a new saloon at No. 263 S. Park street. A remonstrance from R. W. Chilson, A. J. Stoner, Roach Bros., T. T. Roberts, Peddecord, Burrows & Co., E. Williams, J. P. Nicholson, G. W. Scoville, O. F. Parker and H. W. Fenton was read, and the prayer of the petitioners was granted by a vote of 5 to 5, the mayor giving the deciding vote in the affirmative. Those voting nay were Foster, Metz, Simpson, Shoemaker and Whitsel; voting aye, Ferguson, Harwood, Moffit, Muzzy and Park. On the motion to approve the bond the vote resulted the same, the mayor voting in the negative.

Adjourned.

Fun and Music.

The dashing "Early Birds" will dance before the footlights at the opera house to-morrow night. You will have to be present. This testimonial is from the Baltimore *Herald:*

The "Early Birds" is an organization made up of some of the leading specialty stars, and they give a most enjoyable entertainment. The company is headed by Franks and Marion, and includes Mat Flynn and Zitteller, Maud Chatterwood and Nuber Hasson. The clever burlesque of Rider Haggard's "She" concludes the performance.

ANYTHING you want in the family grocery line can be had at Moore Bros.' grocery store.

BUY one of those celebrated Haines Bros. upright pianos at C. B. Prescott's parlor in Opera block.

"GEROLIUM."

Chicago Grain Market.

The following were the closing quotations in Chicago at 1 p. m. to-day, received by G. C. Caldwell, Secretary Decatur Grain Co.:

WHEAT—75⅞ Mar; 76¼ April; 80¾ May; 81⅛ June.

CORN—49⅛ Mar; 49⅜ April; 53½ May; 53 June.

OATS—29¼ Mar; 29½ April; 32⅛ May; 32⅛ June.

PORK—$13.82 April; $13.92 May; $14.02 June.

LARD—$7.65 April; $7.70 May; $7.72 June.

RIBS—$7.17 April; $7.22 May; $7.32 June.

Live Stock—Estimated receipts—Hogs 11,000; prospects steady.

Cattle, 6,000; prospects firm.

Car Lots—Wheat: winter, 13; spring, 32. Corn, 331. Oats, 122.

FOR a nobby, stylish suit, go to Mu leady & Son's. Feb22-d2w

LINN & SCRUGGS.

More ATTRACTIVE in quantity, variety of STYLE and CHEAPNESS than ever before is our NOW COMPLETE line of CARPETS, CURTAIN GOODS, FIXTURES, &c., comprising

MOQUETTES.
VELVETS,
BODIES,
TAPESTRIES.

Our stock of INGRAIN CARPETS is composed of the Choicest Patterns of the following monufactures:

LOWELL CARPET CO.,
HARTFORD CARPET CO.,
GLEN ECHO MILLS,

Embracing all the Latest Improvements in Coloring and New Effects, which make our stock Unequalled in Attractiveness.

Linn & Scruggs

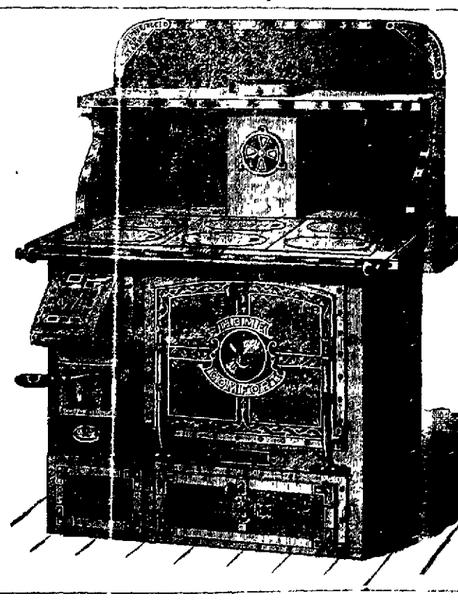
The Trademark

OF THE

"HOME COMFORT" RANGES

IS

"ECONOMY,"
"STRENGTH and DURABILITY,"
"GOOD COOKING,"
"GOOD EATING."



"HOME COMFORT RANGES are just what their name indicates. THEY ARE A HOME COMFORT. No other cooking apparatus in the world will give you the same amount of HONEST WEAR, SAVE AS MUCH FUEL and DO AS GOOD COOKING AND BAKING.

No other Range is made of such Substantial and Lasting Material.

You can't make a mistake in buying one.

MOREHOUSE, WELLS & CO.,

143 EAST MAIN STREET.

JOHN IRWIN

ON DECK

—AT THE—

WHITE FRONT

KNOX SILK HAT!

Knox Derby Hat!

KNOX LIGHT-WEIGHT DERBY HAT!

New Spring Blocks Now Ready.

Correct Styles.

RECEIVED NEW STYLES OF

SPRING OVERCOATS!

TAILOR-MADE.

Perfect fitting Garments. Our whole line is New, of this Spring's Manufacture. The best productions of New Fashionable Garments, at

LOW PRICES.

All Goods Marked in Plain Selling Figures.

OTTENHEIMER & CO.,

135 East Main Street, Decatur.

One Price Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers.

Whoop Her Up Liza Jane! The Boom has Come.

GREAT AUCTION SALE!

Eight Joe Dandy Lots; Best Residence Lots in the City, AT YOUR OWN PRICE----On a Credit of 10 Years.

Interest Only 7 Per Cent.

Benefit of PAVED STREET, STREET CARS, Banker "Jim" Millikin's and Hog Ringer Hill's Elegant Lawns.

We are authorized to sell AT AUCTION on

THURSDAY, MARCH 22, 1888,

At 2 p. m., on the premises, without limit or reserve, the block of ground located at the corner of West Main and Pine streets, now occupied by A. Wait as a residence. It will be subdivided into 8 lots, four fronting on West Wood street and four on West Main street, with a frontage of 50 feet each.

If you want the best residence lots in the city wait until March 22, and make your own price and terms. Parties purchasing can make terms of payment to suit themselves, or in ten annual installments, conditions that they improve this season. 10 per cent. of the purchase money will be required to be paid on day of sale, same to be returned when improvements are made. Those who purchase not intending to improve this season, 10 per cent. on day of sale and 15 per cent. in 30 days.

☞ House of 8 rooms, in good condition, on one of the West Main street lots, will be opened for inspection three days immediately before sale, or at any other time by getting special order from us.

—JESSE LEFORGEE & SONS.—

J. W. BURS
Warehouse East

A DAKOTA BLIZZARD.

An Exciting Experience Graphically Described.

How the Storm Came Up—A Desperate Struggle For Life in a Deserted Dugout—Sad Fate of a Courageous Driver.

A man who has never seen a Dakota blizzard can have no conception of its terrors.

A *Telegram* reporter was caught in the first great storm that swept over the plains from the northwest this season. He will not soon forget the experiences of the night that followed. He says:

"We were about making a two-days' trip to the mountains. The weather was mild and almost like a spring day. Snow was gone except on the mountains and in the road where it had been packed by teams and freight wagons and melted by the sun into ice. This frozen snow rising above the barren plains was nearly two feet deep, and it stretched away like a white macadamized turnpike as far as the eye could reach. My horses were brought to the door, and as I stood on the piazza a moment bidding the family good-bye I congratulated them on the fine open weather we were having.

"That's all right, stranger," said a neighbor, who was leaning against the fence; "but I advise you to take plenty of blankets and enough of grub for a couple of days."

"But it's only twenty miles to the first ranch," I said, "where we'll stop for the night. To-morrow we shall reach the mountains."

"That's all right," repeated the old-timer; "but don't you forget what I'm telling you."

To please him I ordered the driver to go round to the barn and get some buffalo robes and a couple of blankets, which he did. I remember the weather perfectly. It was like a soft April afternoon; the sun shone brightly and children played bareheaded in the streets, but there was an unusual stillness in the air, it seemed to me. The deep, far-away blueness of the sky made me think of spring.

It was one of those soft, smiling days peculiar to the high altitude of the plains near the Rocky Mountains. One of those strange Pacific winds was blowing. They come without a moment's warning, and have been known to melt eighteen inches of snow in a few hours, and even bring birds from somewhere, no one knows whither. But ten hours later the mercury may be twenty degrees below zero, and hundreds of cattle lying dead from the sudden change.

I remember as I entered the wagon that notwithstanding the bustle of the town there was an ominous stillness—a hush peculiarly in keeping with the soft, mellow afternoon.

"This is God's country," said the old-timer, as we bade him good-day and drove away. The voices of boys who were playing ball just outside of the town came wonderfully distinct across the fields. When we reached the open prairie there were no signs of winter in the sky. The mountains shone in the sunlight, and their white peaks soared into the cloudless blue. The landscape was like a picture.

We had driven perhaps two miles and a half, when a cattle-herder on his way to town passed us on a slow trot, but a moment later he shouted for us to look at the mountains and said something else that we didn't hear, and then digging his heels into his pony he rode away toward the town.

I saw nothing about the mountains unusual, but, turning a second time and casting my eyes far to the northwest, where the peaks are low, I saw a flurry of clouds rising from behind the mountains. Even while I gazed at them they arose with ominous rapidity, and in a minute or two had become darker and were beginning to boil and swell most threateningly. For a minute I was fascinated. We had a couple of dogs in the wagon behind the seats and they began to whine. The horses put back their ears, and the outlook for a trip to the mountains became serious. The driver was for turning back at once. I told him that we had a plain open country before us with good roads and fresh horses, and we could easily reach the ranch in a couple of hours. But while we were discussing the matter the clouds increased in darkness and lifted themselves like a black wall almost to the zenith. The distant peaks were blotted out in an instant, and the clouds chased the shadows from the lower mountains and came down upon us roaring like an ocean storm.

It was an awful scene. Destruction seemed at hand. Yet far to our left and back of us the prairie gleamed in the sunlight, and the mountains in the south glittered as if it were a summer day.

There was no time to do any thing but prepare for the blizzard. The dogs crouched under the seats, the horses stopped and refused to move, and we had just time to wrap the blankets around us and tuck in the buffalo robe when the storm came in all its fury.

A thousand menageries let loose would have been silence compared with the noise of the storm. It was impossible to see two rods in any direction. It was almost as dark as night, and but for the snow which filled the air, flying upward and downward and from all parts of the compass, we should not have been able to see the horses before us. We managed to turn them around, but dared not leave the wagon for fear the blankets and buffalo robes would be swept away.

We now had the storm at our back, and the wind, which howled like a thousand fiends, blew the wagon before it, forcing the horses to walk along until we were crowded off the hard beaten road and almost upset, when the wagon went down the snowy embankment out on to the prairie. The cold became intense. Snow as fine as flour sifted under our wraps, got under our clothes—in fact, I could feel it down in my stockings almost freezing the life out of me. For a few minutes the sensation was simply horrible. We became bewildered and did not know in what direction to go should we get the horses to move on. We knew the direction of the storm when it first came, but blizzards always change a few points to the north or west. Besides, even if we could resume our journey, there was a probability that we would miss the town entirely and be frozen or force to stay out on the prairie until morning. Our only hope lay in the fact that there were a few ranches just outside of the town with wire fences inclosing the cultivated fields. We were sure to run against the fences unless we lost our reckoning entirely and double back on our course.

But we soon found that the storm had only just begun. It increased in violence every minute, and the temperature ran down to what seemed twenty-eight or thirty degrees below zero. At last we got the horses to move by getting out of the wagon and leading them. The dogs, however, did not follow us. They stayed in the wagon under the seats. I believe they would have been blown away then had they left the wagon. The only way we managed to stand was by hanging on to the horses. I tried to mount one of the animals, while the driver attempted to climb upon the other, but it was impossible to remain there. We would have been frozen to death in ten minutes, so we kept the horses between ourselves and the wind, but might as well have had a sieve.

We continued drifting along until we reached what seemed to be a gulch or ditch, which was half filled with snow, and here, with a great effort, we unhitched the horses from the wagon, which was left behind. We tumbled down the steep embankment and got across it somehow, and struggled on to keep from freezing. I felt something brush against my leg, but could see nothing, it was so dark. I put down my hands, and to my joy found the dogs were with us. It made me positively happy for a moment, because I knew they would keep us warm for a little time should the inevitable hour come that night.

The storm increased, the cold grew more intense, and I got up alongside the driver, put my mouth to his ear that he might hear me and told him that I could not stand it much longer.

The man had seemed to me a gruff surly fellow, with a thick head and very little intelligence on the previous day, but when he said to me in that howling storm:

"Brace up, old man, and keep moving, we will get out all right," I thought he was the greatest man I had ever known.

After that we moved along before the gale, very slowly it seemed to me, and yet at times I felt as if I were flying, so furious did the wind beat upon us. All the fiends of hell seemed to be in that storm. I have seen many a gale at sea, been shipwrecked twice, but nothing in my experience approaches the terrible violence of that night. I felt my feet freezing, then they grew very numb, and at last it seemed as if I were walking on wooden sticks.

Pains began to shoot up toward my body, my head felt as it would burst, and then suddenly looking out, or trying to look into the blackness of the night, I saw the sitting-room at home with a roaring fire in the stove, the children seated around it and my wife anxiously looking at the clock.

Then all became black and I remember only that the dogs were on my neck. When I awoke it was broad daylight. Where I was I had no idea. For a moment I seemed to be in a room; but, arousing myself, I saw a patch of blue sky through a little hole which I found was in the snow. On each side of me were the dogs. Raising myself up on my elbow, I discovered that I was buried in snow, and, digging around a little, I presently found the driver fast asleep. He, too, was covered with snow. I attempted to pull him out, but my feet were frozen so that I could not stand. The dogs howled piteously as they scratched away the snow from the driver until they awoke him. He opened his eyes and said in a solemn, husky voice: "Glad to see you, old man; I knew we would come out all right."

With great difficulty he made me understand that we had fallen into one of the deserted dugouts on a ranch near the town where a ranchman had formerly kept his potatoes. The door had been left open, and we had stumbled in. Where the horses were I could not see. The snow which had drifted into the dugout kept us from freezing to death.

The entrance to the dugout was not large enough for the horses to get into, and, besides, they had undoubtedly scented danger and kept away. After several attempts at thawing myself out by the heat of the dogs, I got hold of a cotton-wood stake that had been left in the cellar and raised myself up so that I could look out. It was a clear, beautiful day, but the snow was blowing about like sand, and the temperature was many degrees colder than it was during the night. I knew that the temperature was still going down. If we escaped alive we must get out. Then I tried to raise up the driver. He could not move. His feet were frozen and one of his hands looked like ghastly white wax when I pulled down his glove. He told me to leave him with the dogs and see if there was not a house near by. I had on two pairs of heavy gloves, and, wrapping a half-frozen buffalo robe around me, with great difficulty crawled out into the open air. It was indescribably cold. About two miles away I could see thin lines of blue smoke curling from some houses, which I took to be the village. I was in no condition to see any thing or scarcely use my eyes at all, so great was my pain. Turning my stiff neck I discovered the top of another dugout, with a little chimney rising above the snow.

It was the summer residence of the ranchman who had moved away. He lived in town during the winter. It was not more than five or six rods to the dugout, but it took me a long time to reach it, for I had to crawl through the deep snow on my hands and knees.

With my cottonwood stake I knocked in the door, and, to my joy, found a pair of discarded rubber boots with holes in them standing in the corner of the dugout and a pair of canvas overall hanging by the fire-place. They seemed like the garments of a Prince. I found some matches in the pockets, and, taking some straw from a miserable bed in the corner, tried to light a fire.

It was so cold it seemed to me that the fire would not burn the straw. However, I got a fire started at last, and, with an old axe which was under the bed, I chopped up the rude cottonwood bed rails, made some kindling wood and soon had a roaring fire. But there was not enough wood in the place to keep the fire going more than an hour. No time was to be lost. I crawled back again to the driver to get him in. I pulled at him, but he was fast asleep. The dogs scratched at the snow which covered his feet and tried to get him out of the place. He opened his eyes and faintly muttered: "Old man, we're all right. When you get back to town tell the boss at the stable that I—"

The man closed his eyes and said no more. He was dead.

It was no time for delay or weakness. The man had done his duty—I must do mine. I crawled back to the dugout and called the dogs after me; I heated some water in an old cracked baking pan and filled it nearly full of snow, and in the icy water I managed to soak my boots until I could cut them off. My feet were already white and blistered, as if scalded in steam, but I wrapped a piece of my blanket around my feet and managed to draw the big rubber boots over them. In half an hour I could stand. Then with the dogs I started for town. It seemed to me as if I would never reach the end of my journey. Many times I fell while struggling through the snow. My hands and nose froze; my ears were stiff, my whiskers were covered with ice and my hair looked like wool. The dogs themseves were covered with frost, which stood out in a long powdery fiber like cotton

When I had reached the end of the first mile of my two-mile journey it was three o'clock in the afternoon. It must have been about eight o'clock in the morning when I first crawled into the dugout and built the fire. Every body in the town seemed dead and the houses closed up, but as I drew nearer I saw faces at the windows, but no one came to the doors. They probably thought I was some ranchman coming for supplies. The sun was almost down when I came in sight of my house. But what a sun it was, it was almost as white as the snow. There was no heat in it. The keen wind whistled shrilly and blew the snow like burning sand into my face, cutting like hot razors.

When I reached the front steps of my house, where on the previous day I had beheld sunny landscapes, I fell exhausted and almost blind. The voices of children no longer came across the fields. The streets were deserted and the town as silent as the grave. "Is it possible," I thought, "that my family, too, are dead? The dogs by this time were scratching at the door and barking. I saw the face of my wife through the window. My little girl put up her hand and screamed "Papa!"

The door opened and I fell into the house, saved. It was many days before I found myself in bed and heard the doctor saying: "A narrow escape, but I think his feet are all right and we can save them."

The driver who saved my life and lost his own lies in the great American Desert Cemetery, just over the hill from our town. He has a monument and the respect of the Territory.—*N. Y. Telegram.*

—To make pickled oysters heat two quarts of large oysters in their own liquor. When full and plump and before they begin to shrivel, remove with a skimmer, strain the liquor, add a coffee cup of good cider vinegar, heat, skim and add salt, peppercorns, a couple of cayenne pods, whole allspice, cloves, a few blades of mace and a little lemon rind cut thin. Boil a few minutes and pour hot over the oysters.

—It is a good plan to have a small basket near the ironing board while ironing, and as the articles needing repair are ironed lay them in it. In this way the tiny split in a napkin or towel, which will not take five minutes to darn, will not be unnoticed until it has assumed too large proportions for it to escape.

—Money spent in paint for farm buildings and implements is no loss.

An End to Bone Scraping.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Ill., says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and well." Electric Bitters are sold at 50 cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25 cents per box by John A. Swearingen a5

D. W. BRENNEMAN & BRO. will hold a public sale, March 6, 1888, at their farm, one-half mile north of Decatur, of 40 head of Grade Clyde and Norman mares and Geldings from 3 to 5 years old. Jan28 d&w6w

HENRY BROS. make the largest loaves of home made bread of any in the city. bread delivered promptly anywhere it is desired. nov23-dtf

WOOD PUMPS, Chain Pumps, Iron Force Pumps, for sale at Spencer & Lehman's. feb16-dawtf

A SHIP with a fine line of Christmas presents can be seen at Cheap Charley's. d&wtf

Two physicians, of Morris, Ill., told E W. Huell that he was beyond the help of medicine or medical skill from seated lung disease contracted in a cold rain Was induced to try Dr. Bigelow's Cough Cure, two bottles of which completed a cure. Over a year has elapsed and he is in excellent health, doing hard work on his farm. Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure is the only known consumption cure. Sold by Dr. A. J. Stoner in fifty cent and dollar bottles. Get the genuine. Pleasant for children. 3b

You can get finer work at the "Elsinqilsuited" art studio than any other place in the city, now open and ready for business, over Peddecord & Burrow's bank. f13dtf

LIGHT-WEIGHT Flannel Shirts, neatly made, perfect fits, elegant shades, well adapted for clerks, book-keepers and business men generally, at B. STINE'S.

IF you want a good lawn call on Spencer & Lehman for Bluegrass and White Clover seed. feb16-d6w

THE Old Reliable Peter Schuttler and Moline Wagons for sale by Spencer & Lehman. feb16-dawtf

THE Bluegrass Shop will make you low figures on vehicle work. ap16-dtf

Buckien's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or your money refunded. Price, 25 cents per box. For sale by John A. Swearingen. a1

FOR rates of fare, tickets, or information regarding routes to all points north, south, west, or northwest, call on or address C. O. Judson, ticket agent I. C., P., D. & E. and T. H. & P. roads at Union depot, who will furnish maps, folders, &c, showing time of departure and arrival at destination. feb20-tf

KNOWING the tremendous advance in Coffee within the past year, the reader will be surprised—we repeat it, surprised—to see what an excellent coffee can be had for 25c per pound at

j28-dtf DINGES & CLOYD'S.

Dress Goods,

In French, German and American Novelties, very handsome and cheap, just received. d&w LINN & SCRUGGS.

SEE the "Home Comfort" Ranges at Morehouse, Wells & Co.'s. daw

BABY CARRIAGES.

LATEST STYLES,

—AT—

E. D. BARTHOLOMEW & CO.'S.

Singular and Fatal Accident.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., March 4.—The *Journal's*, Fergus Falls, (Minn.,) special says: Last night a snow train started to clear the track to Pelican Rapids. In the engine were Seth Orth, fireman; John Smith, engineer and Mike Devaney, roadmaster. While bucking snow they opened the furnace door to fire up, but the stock had become so filled with snow that the flames burst out of the door and set the cab on fire. All jumped out. Orth and Smith were fatally hurt and are still unconscious, while Devaney was slightly injured. The train ran on till stopped by the snow, when the train hands first discovered the accident.

The Assassin of Jesse James Proves Himself a Coward.

TRINIDAD, Col., March 4.—Bob Ford, the slayer of Jesse James, had a dispute with a man named Miller, of Raton, N. M., and it was agreed between them that blood only could atone for the insult. A challenge was given by Ford and accepted by Miller, and they were to meet yesterday morning at a lonely spot in New Mexico, from which place, it was understood, only one of them was to leave alive. Miller was on hand, ready for the fray, but Ford failed to appear. The latter has consequently lost caste with his associates, who loudly denounce him for his cowardice

The Jessup Will Case Decided.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 4.—In the Superior Court yesterday the Jessup will case, which has been pending for some months, was decided in favor of Richard Page Jessup, the claimant of the estate. Gesham P. Page, died in this city about two years ago, leaving an estate valued at $100,000. It was generally understood he died a bachelor, and with no heirs save his brother and sister. The present claimant urged that he was the son of the deceased, born out of wedlock, and that Mr. Jessup had always recognized him as his son.

Guilty of Murder in the Second Degree.

BANGOR, Me., March 4.—At ten minutes past eleven o'clock last night the jury in the Stain-Cromwell case, which had been out eleven hours and fifty minutes, returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree.

Sentenced to be Hanged.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., March 5.—Pete Barrett, who was convicted of the murder of street car driver Tolleison, was yesterday morning sentenced to be hanged.

Bank Cashier Missing.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 4.—Charles Downer, cashier of the National Bank at Castleton, Rensselaer County, has been missing since February 24. The officials of the bank say his accounts are correct.

THE best on earth can truly be said of Griggs' Glycerine Salve, which is a sure, safe and speedy cure for cuts, bruises, scalds, burns, wounds and all other sores. Will positively cure piles, tetter and all skin eruptions. Try this wonder healer. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Only 25 cents. Sold by Dr. A. J Stoner 1b

Notice to Tax Payers.

The taxes for the year 1887 are now due, and as the time for making the collection is shorter than in former years, by reason of a change in the law, all who are in arrears for taxes are requested to call at my office and make payment of the same without delay.

Office hours from 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Office with Mills Bros., over Linn & Scruggs' store. H. MAHANNAH, Collector. Decatur, Ill., Jan. 29, 1888. j31d&w7w

FINNAN HADDIE at Dinges & Cloyd's. j28-dtf

Choice Clover Seed.

We have on hand 150 bushels choice clover seed which we will dispose of at $4.50 per bushel at our mills. Call and see us before purchasing elsewhere.

D. S. SHELLABARGER & Co. 28-daw1w

UPHOLSTERING and Furniture Repairing done by A. Beer. Will please everybody. Lincoln Square. Jan 15-d3m

SEE the "Home Comfort" Ranges at Morehouse, Wells & Co.'s. daw

THE popularity of these few articles—our Windsor, Mocha and Java Coffee and Princess Tea and XXXX Maple Syrup—has clearly demonstrated to us the fact that Decatur people will use the best goods when they know where to get them. Respectfully,

j28-dtf DINGES & CLOYD.

CHEAP CHARLEY can and will save you money on anything you buy of him. d&wtf

IVMAN & LAWRENCE, at their restaurant, south side Lincoln Square, serve lunch, oysters and regular meals at low prices. No better place in town. Restaurant open all night. dec16-d&wtf

Beautiful Shawls,

In Fall and Winter weights, extremely handsome, and at low prices.

d&w LINN & SCRUGGS.

THE Court House restaurant is a good place to board by the week. Day board $3 per week. Board and room $4. Good room and table first-class. Give us a call. 139 South Water Street. f6dtf

JAMES HOLLINGER has purchased the barber shop in the north end of Central Block, where all old friends and new callers as well will receive a hearty welcome, and get shaving work done in first-class style. Hair cutting a specialty. dec19-d1m

Go to Cheap Charley's clothing house. d&wtf

FOR RENT, FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

[Notices in this column, of five lines or less will be inserted one week for 25 cents, payable in advance.]

WANTED—A good single man who understands gardening. Employment furnished through the year. Enquire at this office. Feb29-dtf

WANTED—Immediately, a room and board for a husband and wife, a miners wife, or an elderly lady. Call on or address, L. M. H., 606 West William street Mar1-d1w*

NOT wishing to keep house I will sell my residence at a bargain, if sold by April 1, '88. I also have a new buggy that I will sell below wholesale cost V. H. PARKE Feb 22 d1m

FOR SALE—A span of good mules and a five year old blood mare. Apply to Minor Bullock, the dairyman feb15-dtf

FOR RENT—The third floor over "The Fair," of six rooms, will be rented to one family. Also, the two south rooms, 2d floor, over Abel's carpet store. Enquire of W. P. BUSHER. feb16-dtf

REMOVAL NOTICE.—M. C. Lilly, formerly with the Macon County National Bank, has removed to 340 North Water street, opposite First M. E. church, 2d floor, where he is prepared to do all kinds of jobbing work, and makes a specialty of edge tool dressing, locksmithing, locks and keys, gasoline stoves, &c., &c. M. C. LILLY. jan9 dtf

MATTRESSES Mattresses and feathers renovated by the latest improved machinery at the Mattress Factory, 555 N. Broadway. Also mattresses exchanged for feathers. Give us a call or telephone 156. COX & CHAMBERLAIN. nov19-dtf

OFFICE FOR RENT—Over B. Stine's clothing store. Rent reasonable. Call at B. STINE'S. oct17 dtf

FOR RENT—A house of four rooms and outside kitchen, with good cellar, well and cistern. Inquire of F. W. NIEDERMEYER, on the Mound. septl9-dtf

WANTED—Everybody to know that Bachman Bros. 284, East Main Street, have on hand a lot of second-hand Stoves, GOOD AS NEW, which will be sold at HALF PRICE. julyt-dtf

MONEY to loan in large and small amounts. Loans made on live stock, farm implements, or household goods. All classes of loans negotiated on short notice. Loans on farms and city business property at 6 per cent. interest. Apply to A. L. SUMMERS over New York Store. may 1d&w1f

A Wabash "Cannon Ball."

It appears that the Wabash Railway which has heretofore been only a spectator of the strife of the great roads for fast time passenger traffic to Kansas City and the far west, has determined to enter the field as a competitor. An official announcement is made that the Wabash will, beginning March 4th, run a fast "limited" train daily, except Sunday, from Toledo, Ohio, to Kansas City, leaving Toledo at 10:15 a. m.; Ft. Wayne 1:50 p. m.; Lafayette, 4:50 p. m.; Danville, 6:35 p. m.; Decatur, 9.10 p. m.; Springfield, 10:30 p. m., reaching Kansas City next morning at 9:00 o'clock, thus making the entire distance of 662 miles in less than twenty-three hours. Chair cars will be run in each train through from Toledo to Kansas City and *vice versa* without change and free of charge. By taking this train passengers will be saved the annoyance and discomfort of a change of cars at any point en route.

A fast train leaving Chicago daily at 2:00 p. m. will connect at Decatur with the above train at 9:10 p. m., Sunday excepted, arriving at Kansas City at 9:00 a. m. A return train will be run over the same route, from Kansas City to Toledo and Chicago, leaving Kansas City about 6:20 p. m., arriving at Chicago next day at 1:45 p. m. daily; Toledo, 5:00 p. m. daily, except Sunday, over a line quite equal to the best of the competing roads in the quality of which make a road attractive to travelers.

From the first it has been easy to guess that the enterprising Wabash would not long be content without claiming a share of the Kansas City fast time travel; and it is now evident that the claim is about to be asserted with an energy which will command success. Mar1-2w

Underwear

For Ladies and Children, a complete assortment, at lowest prices.

d&w LINN & SCRUGGS.

GO TO Powers & Haworth's fashionable boot and shoe store for bargains. 28-d1w

Southern Land Excursion.

The Illinois Central R. R. will sell round trip tickets to Jackson, Tenn.; Aberdeen, Jackson, and Artesia, Miss., Hammond, Crowley, Jennings, Welsh and Lake Charles, Louisiana; Citronville, Alabama; and points in Texas, at a rate of one limited fare for the round trip, on the following dates, viz: Feb. 21st, March 6th and 20th, April 3d and 24th, May 8th and 22d, and June 5th. These are the lowest rates ever made to these points, and parties who desire to visit the south should by all means take advantage of them. For full information, circulars, excursion bills, &c., apply to the undersigned at Manchester, Iowa. J. F. MERRY, feb5 Gen. West. Pass. Agt.

No Change of Cars to California.

Palace Sleeping Cars will run through to California without change via the Wabash Railway, St. Louis and the St. L., I. M. & S. R'y, leaving Toledo on train No. 45 at 12:10 a. m. February 16th. No snow blockades via the Great Southern Route. Secure your sleeping car berths early. Tickets for sale at greatly reduced rates, good for six months. jan25-dtf

MOREHOUSE, WELLS & Co. are constantly receiving new patterns, in Wood, Iron and Slate Mantels, Vestibule and Hearth Tiles, Fine Brass Fenders, Fire Sets, and everything pertaining to this one. No larger or more complete assortment can be found elsewhere. d&w

COCHECO Flannel Shirts, in all the latest shades, plaited bosom, perfect in fit, at B. Stine's. dtf

A FULL line of Boys' and Youth's Patent Leather Slippers just received at Powers & Haworth. d10-dtf

A CHILD can buy at Cheap Charley's as well as any man. d&wtf

Haworth Wagon.

HAWORTH IRON FELLOE WAGON

Best Wagon in the World

TIRE WILL STAY ON UNTIL WORN OUT.

Send for Circulars.

Decatur Iron Felloe

WAGON COMPANY,

Decatur, - - Illinois.

FOR SALE BY

D. F. HAMSHER

DECATUR, ILL.

THE WABASH RAILWAY

Is the best, most popular and only line running

THROUGH CARS

To and from all the following principal points:

ST. LOUIS, FORT WAYNE, TOLEDO, DETROIT, NIAGARA FALLS, ST. THOMAS, BUFFALO, NEW YORK, BOSTON, CHICAGO, PEORIA, DECATUR, SPRINGFIELD, JACKSONVILLE, QUINCY, HANNIBAL AND KANSAS CITY, KEOKUK, INDIANAPOLIS AND CINCINNATI.

THE CAR SERVICE OF THE WABASH RAILWAY

Is the very best, and consists of Handsome New SMOKING and PARLOR COACHES, Elegant FREE RECLINING CHAIR CARS, the best and most completely equipped DINING CAR SERVICE in the World, and the magnificent PULLMAN PALACE, WAGNER and WOODRUFF SLEEPING CARS.

The road-bed is kept in splendid condition. The tracks are all laid with heavy steel rails, and the fast time, close connections and superior accommodations on the Wabash are unequaled by any other line.

Information in regard to Routes, Rates, Time of Trains, Connections, etc., will be cheerfully and promptly furnished on application, personally or by letter, to any Agent of the Wabash Railway.

JOHN McNULTA, Receiver, CHICAGO. S. K. SNOW, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

Chancery Notice.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, } ss.
MACON COUNTY,

In the Circuit Court to the June Term, A. D. 1888.

Isaac Gebhart vs. Mary J. Gebhart—Divorce

Affidavit of the non-residence in this state of said Mary J. Gebhart, the defendant in the above entitled cause, having been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of said county, notice is hereby given to the said Mary J Gebhart that the above named complainant heretofore filed his bill of complaint in said Court, on the Chancery side thereof, which suit is still pending, and that a summons thereupon issued out of said Court against the above named defendant, returnable on the first day of the next term of said Court, to be held at the Court House in the city of Decatur, in said Macon county, on the first Monday in the month of June, A. D. 1888.

Now unless you, the said Mary J. Gebhart, shall be and appear on the first day of said term of said court, and plead, answer or demur to the said bill of complaint, the same will be taken as true, and a decree rendered according to the prayer thereof.

E. McCLELLAN, Clerk

S. L. STERRETT, Sol. for Com. feb3-d4w

R. W. Tansill & Co., (WANT ONE AT Merchant only) in 55 State St., Chicago. Every Town for

TANSILL'S PUNCH 5¢

FREE! A 3-foot French Glass, Oval Front, Nickel or Cherry Cigar Show Case; *Merchants only.* Address at once R. W. TANSILL & Co., as above. Feb 28, '88-d1y

ST. Nicholas Hotel

CHAS. LAUX, Proprietor.

South Side of Old Square, Decatur.

J. M. CLOKEY,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

Office in Court House Block, 1st door to left of stairway.

Special attention to matters in Probate and Chancery.